

THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN

Fine Quality Job Printing.

Devoted to The Interests of All The People of Ohio County.

Subscription \$1.50 per Year

VOL. XXXV

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1922.

NUMBER 13

PRESIDENT VETOES

SOLDIER BONUS BILL

Harding Assigns Many Reasons For Course In Summary.

Washington, Sept. 19.—President Harding's bonus veto message follows:

"To the House of Representatives, Herewith is returned without approval, H. R. 10,874 a bill (to provide adjusted compensation for the veterans of the World War and for other purposes.)

"With the avowed purpose of the bill to give expression of a nation's gratitude to those who served in its defense in the World War, I am in accord, but to its provisions I do not subscribe. The United States never will cease to be grateful; it cannot and never will cease giving expression to that gratitude.

"In legislating for what is called adjusted compensation, Congress failed, first of all, to provide the revenue from which the bestowal is to be paid. Moreover it establishes the very dangerous precedent of creating a treasury covenant to pay which puts a burden, variously estimated between four and five billions, upon the American people, not to discharge an obligation, which the Government always must pay, but to bestow a bonus which the soldiers themselves while serving in the World War did not expect.

Generous Aid for Injured.

"It is not to be denied that the nation has certain very binding obligations to those of its defenders who made real sacrifices in the World War and who left the armies injured, disabled or diseased so that they could not resume their places in the normal activities of life. These obligations are being gladly and generously met. Perhaps here and there are inefficiencies and injustices and some distressing instances of neglect, but they are all unintentional and every energy is being directed to their earliest possible correction.

"In meeting this obligation there is no complaint about the heavy cost. In the current fiscal year we are expending \$510,000,000 on hospitalization, and care of sick and wounded, on compensation and vocational training for the disabled, and for insurance. The figures do not include the more than \$35,000,000 in process of expenditure on hospital construction.

"The estimates for the year to follow are approximately \$470,000,000 and the figures may need to be made larger. Though the peak in hospitalization may have passed, there is a growth in domiciliation, and the discharge in full of our obligations to the diseased, disabled or dependent who have a right to the Government's care, with insurance liability added, will probably reach a total sum in excess of \$25,000,000,000.

Vocational Training Facilities.

"More than 99,000 veterans are now enrolled in some of the 445 different courses in vocational training. Fifty-four thousand of them are in schools or colleges, more than 38,000 are in industrial establishments and a few more than 6,000 are being trained in schools operated by the Veterans' Bureau.

"Approximately 19,000 have completed their courses and have employment in all cases where they desire it, and 53,000 have deferred for the present time their acceptance of training. The number eligible under the law may reach close to 400,000 and facilities will continue to be afforded, unmindful of the necessary cost, until every obligation is fulfilled.

"Two hundred and seventy-six thousand patients have been hospitalized, more than 250,000 discharged and 25,678 patients are in our hospitals today.

"Four hundred and sixteen thousand awards of compensation have been made on account of death, or disability, and \$480,000,000 have been paid to disabled men, or their dependent relatives. One hundred and seventy-five thousand disabled ex-service men are now receiving compensation, along with medical or hospital care where needed and 250,000 checks go out monthly in distributing the \$8,000,000 payment on in-

disputable obligations.

Obligation to Others Not Admitted.

"I recite the figures to remind the Congress how generously and how properly it has opened the treasury doors to discharge the obligations of the nation to those to whom it indisputably owes compensation and care, though undying gratitude is the mood of every one who served it is not to be said that a material bestowal is an obligation to those who emerged from the great conflict not only unharmed, but physically, mentally and spiritually richer for the great experiences. If an obligation were to be admitted, it would be to charge the adjusted compensation bill with inadequacy and stinginess wholly unbecoming our republic. Such a bestowal to be worth while must be generous and without apology. Clearly the bill returned herewith takes cognizance of the inability of the Government wisely to bestow and says, in substance, 'we do not have the cash, we do not believe in a tax levy to meet the situation, but here is our note you may have our credit for half its worth.' This is not compensation, but rather a pledge by the Congress, while the executive branch of the Government is left to provide for payments falling due in ever-increasing amounts.

Sales Tax Unacceptable.

"When the bill was under consideration in the House, I expressed the conviction that any grant of bonus ought to provide the means of paying it and I was unable to suggest any plan other than that of a general sales tax. Such plan was unacceptable to the Congress, and the bill has been enacted without even a suggested means of meeting the cost. Indeed, the cost is not definitely known, either for the immediate future or in the ultimate settlement. The Treasury estimates, based on what seems the most likely exercise of the option, figures the direct cost at approximately \$154,000,000 for 1923, \$225,000,000 for 1924, \$114,000,000 for 1925, \$312,000,000 for 1926, making a total of \$795,000,000 for the first four years of its operation, and a total cost in excess of \$4,000,000,000. No estimate of the large indirect cost ever had been made.

"The certificate plan sets up no reserve against the ultimate liability. The plan avoids any considerable direct outlay by the Government during the earlier years of the bill's proposed operations, but the loans on the certificates would be floated on the credit of the nation. This is borrowing on the nation's credit just as truly as though the loans were made by direct Government borrowing and invokes a dangerous abuse of public credit. Moreover, the certificate plan of payment is little less than certified inability of the Government to pay and invites a practice on sacrificial barter which I cannot sanction.

Heavy Debts Must Be Paid.

"It is worth remembering that the public credit is founded on the popular belief in the defensibility of public expenditure as well as the Government's ability to pay. Loans come from every rank in life, and our heavy tax burdens reach, directly or indirectly, every element in our citizenship. To add one-sixth of the total sum of our public debt for a distribution among less than 5,000,000 out of 110,000,000, whether inspired by grateful sentiment or political expediency, would undermine the confidence on which our credit is built, and establish the precedent of distributing public funds whenever the proposal and the numbers affected make it seem politically appealing to do so.

"Congress clearly appraised the danger of borrowing directly to finance a bestowal which is without obligation and manifestly recognized the financial problem with which the nation is confronted. Our maturing promises to pay within the current fiscal year amount to approximately \$4,000,000,000, most of which will have to be refunded. Within the next six years more than \$10,000,000,000 of debt will mature and will have to be financed. These outstanding and maturing obligations are difficult enough to meet without the complication of added borrowings, everyone of which threatens higher interest and delays the adjustment to stable government financing and the diminution of Federal taxes to defensible cost of Government.

"It is sometimes thoughtlessly urged that it is a simple thing for

(Concluded on 5th page.)

GREAT MEETING OF TOBACCO GROWERS

Judge Bingham Makes Good Impression; Large Acresage Signed.

The Dark Tobacco Growers Co-operative Association's stock was considerably enhanced in Ohio County as a result of the meeting held in Hartford Tuesday afternoon. Judge Bingham made a clear-cut speech of near one and one-half hours, receiving the most earnest attention throughout ever accorded any speech of that length, perhaps, in this section. His argument, or statement of the situation was clear, forceful and convincing. The speaker took up the history of the co-operative question from its infancy, showing the progress made from the beginning to the latest successful effort in the Burley District of Kentucky.

"As an evidence of the good done for the cause by Tuesday's meeting more than two hundred acres were signed up before the crowd left the courthouse.

The campaign is on in earnest in Ohio County, mixing dates have been arranged for in a large number of school districts, where local speakers are to be heard in interest of the organization.

Pledges totaling more than 1,000 acres of tobacco had been turned in Tuesday and it is known that several hundred pledged but not turned in were in existence. The drive now on is morally certain to secure the necessary percentage to make the organization a success, but the managers are making plans to place percentage far above the required amount.

HARTFORD RESIDENCE TOTALLY DESTROYED

The residence of Rev. R. E. Fuqua, on outer Clay Street was totally destroyed by fire early Sunday morning. Rev. Fuqua, accompanied by Mrs. Fuqua, was out of town, filling one of his appointments and only Mrs. W. R. Fuqua, wife of Rev. Fuqua's son was in the home at the time of the origin of the fire, young Mr. Fuqua, with his brother having left the home on a short errand. The old, old story, a defective flue was the cause of the conflagration, the roof and that portion of the house being in such condition when discovered that human efforts to save the residence were unavailing. The larger portion of the household effects were carried out but much damage was sustained to the furniture etc., not wholly destroyed.

No insurance was carried on the dwelling or contents, the loss therefore falls rather heavily upon Rev. Fuqua and his family.

MISS LENA LASHLEY KILLED AT McHENRY

Miss Lena Lashley, aged 16 years, and daughter of Mr. Felix Lashley, of McHenry, was fatally injured by a through I. C. freight train, Tuesday morning between eight and nine o'clock.

Miss Lashley had gone to the Post Office for the mail and on returning home, saw the train approaching, but thinking that she could get across the railroad before it reached her, started across and the train hit her as she was almost off the track. She was immediately taken to her home and a physician summoned. It was found that her skull had been crushed, one arm broken, and serious injuries to one of her limbs. She never regained consciousness, and died that afternoon at three o'clock. Funeral services were conducted from the residence, and the remains laid to rest in the cemetery at Echols, Wednesday afternoon.

Besides her father, she is survived by one sister and two brothers.

REV. SHIELDS TO BE COUNTY MISSIONARY

Rev. Birch Shields of Cromwell, has resigned the pastorate of the Burnett's Creek and Green River Baptist churches in order to accept a call for missionary work in the Gasper River Association, which field embraces the whole of Butler County. Rev. Shields will assume his new duties October 1st.

SENATE SUSTAINS BONUS BILL VETO

Falls 4 Votes Short; House Overrides By Big Margin.

Washington, Sept. 20.—The bonus bill failed of enactment late today, the Senate sustaining President Harding's veto. Previously the House had overridden the veto by a large margin.

The Senate roll call showed 44 yeas to 28 nays, or four less than the two-thirds majority necessary to override the veto. The vote in the House was 255 to 54, or fifty more than the required number.

Altho it was reported that a new bill might be introduced tomorrow, it was certain that the bonus fight would not be renewed at least until the next session of Congress, which will begin December 4.

The House vote on the first passage of the bonus last March 23, was 333 to 70, or 4.75 to 1, as compared with 4.77 to 1 today. The Senate vote today compared with 47 to 22, by which the measure was first passed August 31.

Most of the House votes to sustain the President were cast by members from Eastern and Southern States, with Western delegations voting almost solidly for the bill.

Switching of Votes.

There were two changes in the Senate, Senator Cameron, Republican, Arizona, who voted for the bonus originally, voting to sustain the veto, while Senator McKinley, Republican, Illinois, who, it was announced, was favorable to the bill on the first vote, was paired against it.

There was only brief consideration of the measure in the House. In calling up the bill, Mr. Mondell said it had been considered for a long time and that further debate was not likely to change a single vote and was unnecessary. Mr. Garrett, the minority leader, asked that there be an hour's discussion, but after cries of "vote, vote" from the Republican side, the majority leader moved the previous question and the roll call was ordered.

Announcement of the result of the voting was received in silence. The same was true in the Senate.

Within an hour after the House acted the bill and the President's veto message were sent to the Senate. Discussion of the subject there, however, had been under way for some time, with Senator Reed, Democrat, Missouri, supporting the measure, and Senator Williams, Democrat, Mississippi, opposing it.

Delay Is Sought.

Senator Ashurst, Democrat, Arizona, followed with an argument for the bonus and was interrupted while the House clerk delivered the bill. The President's veto message then was read and when Senator Ashurst concluded Senator McCumber, Republican, North Dakota, in charge of the bill, moved to defer action until tomorrow.

This brought a point of order from Senator Underwood, of Alabama, the Democratic leader, who declared this would fix a time for consideration of the bill and that this could be done only by a two-thirds majority. Several senators urged that there be no delay, but Mr. McCumber expressed the opinion that if the matter went over until tomorrow some senators favorable to the bonus who were absent, might return.

Senator Heflin, Democrat, Alabama, told the Senate there was no need for great speed now and that if Mr. McCumber thought delay of a day or two would help matters he and other senators were prepared, to see that a vote was deferred, even if they had to talk until tomorrow or the next day.

Senator Robinson, Democrat, Arkansas, urged against delay, declaring that with Congress to adjourn in two days the session might end without a decision on the question.

The North Dakota senator replied that he wished delay in the hope that "courage might be pumped into the hearts" of some senators who, he asserted, were "getting a little weakened against voting to override the President."

Senator New, Republican, Indiana, a leader of the opposition forces, remarked that delay might have the

opposite effect.

The Finance Committee chairman finally withdrew his motion and Mr. Heflin spoke for an hour in support of the bonus and against what he has termed the deflation policy of the Federal Reserve Board. He charged that Wall street had promoted a propaganda against the bonus.

While the Alabama senator was talking, leaders agreed to have a vote before night, and the debate was closed by Mr. McCumber, who warned that the bonus question could not be settled finally until it had been settled in accord with the judgment of the great majority of Congress.

"While the power to destroy it today may be in existence," he said, "that power will not continue in existence, in my judgment, in the next few years. I am inclined to say that this issue will live."

The North Dakota senator scored senators favorable to the bonus and inveighed against the pairings of senators, explaining that it required two senators favorable to the bill to pair one unfavorable to it. He asserted that he could not bring his conscience to trade two votes to one on a question on which the country had "expressed itself so earnestly."

Declaring that he had faith in the persuasiveness of members, Senator McCumber said he wished senators favorable to the bonus were in Washington "instead of being in Hohoken, Hong Kong, or on the Pacific Ocean."

AN ENJOYABLE DAY.

Quite an enjoyable day was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cicero Taylor, of Mt. Zion, Sunday, September 17, 1922. A sumptuous dinner was served, in honor of their son, Flem Taylor, of Orange, Texas. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Flem Taylor and sons, Conn and Ellis, of Orange, Texas, Mr. and Mrs. Letcher Beck, sons, George and Walter, daughters, Lynona and Bertha Mary, of Brownie, Mr. and Mrs. Will Leach, of Mt. Zion, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stanley, and son, Henry, Mrs. Laura Leach, Beaver Dam, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Howard, son, Mose, and daughters, Mary Fanny and Donnie May, of Mt. Zion, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Taylor, son, Cooper Bazill, daughter, Margie Elizabeth of Echols, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Tucker, Mrs. Florence Taylor and children, Laura Crosman and Mary Lucille, of Brownie, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Taylor and daughter, Laura Florence, of Beaver Dam, and Mr. and Mrs. Cicero Taylor.

ONE PRESENT.

NOLAN CLARK IS

SERIOUSLY BURNED

Nolan Clark, 13, son of the late Finis Clark who resided in upper East Hartford, was seriously burned at Taylor Mines Wednesday night when a can of carbide from which he was filling his lamp, exploded. The young man dropped a lighted match in the can, causing the explosion. At last reports it was uncertain as to his chances for recovery.

SIMMONS HIGHWAY ACT HELD UNCONSTITUTIONAL

In a suit to test the constitutionality of the measure passed by the recent Legislature, upon a strict party vote, by the Democratic majority, known as the Simmons Road Bill, reorganizing the State Highway Commission, wherein the Legislature attempted to name the commissioners, was declared to be unconstitutional by Judge Sam Hurst of the Franklin Circuit Court. The case will go up to the Appellate court for final hearing.

BLUES ENTERTAIN REDS

The Blues will entertain the Reds of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Hartford Methodist Church, Sept. 26 in the basement of the church. All members are urged to be present. This will take the place of the October meeting.

Rev. A. T. Ross, of Georgetown, motored through, and spent several days with his mother, Mrs. Ida Ross of Echols, recently. He was accompanied home by Mrs. Ross and children, William Thomas and Virginia Brown, who have been on an extended visit with Mrs. Ross' parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Brown, of McHenry. Rev. and Mrs. Ross will resume their studies at Georgetown College, Rev. Ross being in his Senior year and Mrs. Ross, a Junior.

OHIO CIRCUIT COURT PROCEEDINGS TO DATE

W. C. Daugherty Fined In 2 Cases, Others Are Dismissed.

The September Term of the Ohio Circuit Court, with Judge Wilson presiding, is disposing of the usual amount of business. Up to noon yesterday the following were the most important proceedings had:

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. W. C. Daugherty, seven indictments for various violations of the liquor statutes, by agreement of attorneys for both plaintiff and defendant, on motion of the Commonwealth Attorney, the Defendant was assessed fines of \$250.00 in each of two cases, together with jail sentences of 30 and 10 days respectively and given credit for the jail service by time theretofore served pending trial. The remaining five cases were dismissed.

Dessie Drace vs. Claud Mosley, agreed judgment of \$200.00 for plaintiff; Elbert Stoll vs. Maggie Stoll, judgment for divorce for plaintiff; Valley View Farm Co. and Ohio Co. Coal Company vs. Ohio County Board of Tax Supervisors, each action continued to 10th day of the term; Bank of Livermore vs. F. L. Rono, dismissed for lack of prosecution; Green River Coal Mining Co. vs. Ohio County Board of Supervisors, case stated and set forward to 8th day; J. W. Foster vs. H. E. Milligan; Robt. Burden vs. Ohio County Farmers Mut. Tele. Co., both set to 4th day and not reached; Gneather Hardware Co. vs. J. M. Hoover and the same Company vs. C. W. Hoover, set forward to 5th day; N. P. Dennis vs. W. H. Maddox, verdict for plaintiff, \$25.00; Margaret Stevens vs. J. A. James, continued; Brenard Mfg. Co. vs. Ohio County Drug Co., judgment for defendant; G. J. Christian vs. A. S. Monroe & Co., verdict for plaintiff \$220.00; R. P. Coleman vs. Geo. Sowders, continued; G. A. Ralph vs. Ames Body Corporation, verdict for plaintiff \$564.85.

The following citizens are impaneled on the regular petit jury: M. M. Tate, M. C. Schroeder, J. P. Casebeer, T. B. Bell, Alvin Ross, J. H. Leach, Conrtland Taylor, W. H. Balze, Ira Wallace, C. W. Foreman, J. T. Barnes, W. R. Skinner, Jesse Swope, R. P. Beck, J. W. Miller, Barnett Tinsley and John Pirtle. Ellis Balze, Dock Burton and R. E. Bennett were serving as special jurors yesterday and Wednesday.

MID-NIGHT MARRIAGE

J. Walter Balze and Miss Sarah Belle Allen of the Renfrow country, came to Hartford Sunday for the purpose of procuring a marriage permit. County Clerk Ranney declined to issue the license on Sunday. The betrothed couple simply waited at a near-by point until well toward and again made application to the County Clerk in the first hour of the first day of the new week for authority to consummate their betrothal vows. They were successful this time, and after procuring the document, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Mason Morris, who made the trip to Hartford with the new Mr. and Mrs. Balze, went to the home of Judge R. R. Wedding, and were there joined in nuptial bliss by his honor, at about 1:30 a. m.

TICHENOR-BENNETT

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Tichenor, 822 Cedar street, announce the marriage of their daughter, Laura V., to Mr. Charles A. Bennett, which took place at Rockport, Saturday morning. The bride is a very popular and attractive young woman. Mr. Bennett is a young business man of this city. After the ceremony the couple, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Ward and son, A. C., left for a motor trip to the Mammoth Cave and other points. Upon their return they will make their home with the groom's mother, Mrs. Sarah Bennett, 1228 Venable Ave.—Owensboro Messenger, Sept. 17, 1922.

MARRIAGE LICENSES RECENTLY ISSUED

Willie Hess, Beaver Dam Route 2, to Mary Elizabeth Moore, McHenry; J. Walter Balze, Rosine, to Sarah Belle Allen, Arnold.

ANCIENT HISTORIC RECORDS DISCOVERED

Age-Yellowed Papers May Reveal Mysteries of Early Aztecs

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—Will thousands of hitherto undecipherable documents recently added to the collection of the Bancroft Library, University of California, reveal past civilizations in Mexico and Southwestern United States hitherto unknown to historians?

The question has been raised coincident with the return of Professor Herbert Bolton, director of the library, from a three weeks' tour of the regions inhabited by the Cliff Dwellers for the purpose of securing additional data before commencing the task of deciphering the manuscripts.

Thousands of age yellowed bits of paper, gathered from Mexico and various parts of southern North America, comprise only a portion of the collection of the library which, when deciphered, are expected to shed much light on broken periods of Spanish-American, Aztec and Cliff Dweller history.

A shadow of romance clings about the form of Professor Bolton, who, during a great part of his vacations during the past fifteen years, has visited in Old Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico and Spain, securing and studying the writings of the ancient conquistadores and of aboriginal historians.

In the collection, valued at more than \$2,000,000, are birth records of the children of the Spanish explorers.

By pack mule, trekking thru the stretches of the Mojave desert, on horseback thru portions of Mexico and often obliged to swing himself by ropes to the former habitations of the Cliff Dwellers. Professor Bolton has incessantly searched for data throwing light on his life study, "The History of the Spanish Borderlands" on which subject he has published nearly thirty books.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in Michigan.

Mrs. A. H. Hall, Caseville, Mich., says, "I wish to thank you for your grand good medicine, Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. We are never without it in the house, and I am sure it saved our baby's life this summer."

Mrs. Mary Carrington, Caseville, Mich., says, "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for years and it has always given prompt relief."

DOLLAR BILLS SHOW BEST METHODS OF FEEDING HOGS

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 18.—Money literally talked to farmers who attended the recent State Fair in showing them the wide difference in profits per acre that are obtained from different methods of fattening hogs for the market. One hundred twenty-two \$1 bills, divided into four unequal lots, were displayed in glass cases by the animal husbandry department of the College of Agriculture to show the relative value of different methods of hog feeding as determined in experiments conducted on the agricultural experiment station farm. Practically every farmer who passed through the grandstand building where the college exhibits were housed stopped to examine this striking display and study the wide range in profits obtained from the different methods.

Forty-eight hills were displayed in the first case which pointed out that hogging down corn and feeding tankage in a self feeder had proved to be the most profitable method of producing pork. The \$48 represented the profits obtained from one acre by means of this method of feeding. The next case displayed 35 bills to show that hogging down corn and soybeans grown in the same row had not proved as profitable as the corn and tankage combination. The next case displayed an even smaller number of dollars, only 25 bills exhibited in this one to show the profits obtained from an acre when corn alone was hogged down as a method

of producing pork. Soybeans hogged down and supplemented with corn had fed in amounts equal to two and one-half per cent of the total live weight of the animals presented a weak argument, as a pork producing combination. The case representing this combination contained only 14 bills to show the profits obtained from an acre by this method of feeding.

A typewritten page passed out to farmers who were interested in the exhibit showed the first combination had produced 100 pounds of pork with less cost than any of the others, the cost in this case being \$4.79. One hundred pounds of pork produced by hogging down corn and soybeans cost \$6.06 while every 100 pounds produced when corn alone was hogged down cost \$6.44. Hogging down soybeans and hand feeding corn produced 100 pounds of pork at a cost of \$10.

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in White's Cream Vermifuge. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness. Price 35c per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

75,000,000 MOBILIZED FOR WAR, SAY GERMANS

Berlin, Sept. 16.—Seventy-five million men were mobilized from all participating countries during the World War and 30,000,000 of them took part in the fighting in the last stage of the war.

Germany mobilized over 13,000,000 of which 8,000,000 were at different fronts at the conclusion of hostilities.

These interesting revelations are contained in the figures now published by the German National Bureau of Statistics.

At the time of the maximum German efforts on the occasion of the big German offensive on the west front in March, 1918, the German army on the western fronts numbered 3,500,000 noncommissioned officers and men and 140,000 officers. About 160,000 men and 3,000 officers were in recruiting camps.

The German army comprised at that time 190 infantry divisions and two cavalry sharpshooter divisions. In March 1918, the German army was also in possession of about 750,000 horses.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, 75c.

DIAMOND RING, LOST 20 YEARS TURNS UP

Hicksville, Ohio, Sept. 16.—A brilliant sparkle in a flower bed in her yard attracted the attention of Mrs. W. F. Bassett. She pulled out of the dirt what she thought was a broken piece of glass. It proved to be a wedding ring with a Tiffany mounting.

Inquiry revealed that, while the house on that lot was being constructed twenty years ago by Mr. and Mrs. Fred Purkey, Mrs. Purkey lost her diamond wedding ring.

Neighbors identified Mrs. Bassett's find as Mrs. Purkey's lost ring. The ring will be sent to Mrs. Purkey, who lives at Culver City, Cal., where her husband died not long ago.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BEES SUFFER AS DROUGHT RETARDS FLOWER GROWTH

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16.—Drought experienced thruout Kentucky during the last few months has worked a severe hardship on bees in the state by reducing the number of blossoms and flowers from which they draw their food supplies, according to H. H. Jewett, bee specialist of the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station. As a result of this condition, beekeepers are being advised to feed any colony which may have failed to secure sufficient stores to carry it safely thru the winter.

"This is the time of the year when successful beekeepers obtain their preparations for the proper wintering of their colonies. An abundance of food of good quality, plenty of young bees and vigorous young queens are the best possible insurance of success next season. Add to these, suitable protection for the winter months and the beekeeper has done his part to prepare for the crop to come."

RUSSIANS OVERTURN CHURCH TRADITIONS

Old Bishops Are Deposed, New Married Ones Get Their Positions.

Moscow, Sept. 16.—Church precedents have been turned topsy-turvy by the creation of a New Church Congress in Moscow, which in a recent session deposed sixty-one bishops, who were charged with counter-revolutionary activities.

Supplanting the deposed bishops are a number of new bishops who are either married or widowers, and thus for the first time in history married men are at the head of the national church.

The action of the New Church Congress created a storm of excitement among the new bishops, some of them stating that they must consult their wives before accepting the posts; others protested that the introduction of married bishops would cause a wide split in the church.

Metropolitan Bishop of Moscow Antonin is one of the new bishops who personally opposed the new venture, and he told the International News Service that he feared it would result in a cleavage in the church.

Installation of the bishops had a decidedly Soviet flavor and was a curious commingling of things ecclesiastical and political. The installation of the gorgeously purple robed priests took place before a crudely improvised altar in the assembly hall of the Third House of the Soviets, with pictures of Marx, Lenin and Trotsky looking down upon the ceremony.

Some of the ecclesiastical order favor the installation of married bishops as a step against monkish domination of the church.

Herbine is the medicine that cures biliousness, malaria and constipation. The first dose makes you feel better, a few additional doses cures completely. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

WOMEN ARE GROWING MORE ABSENT-MINDED

London, Sept. 16.—Women are more absent-minded now than they have ever been.

They lose themselves in abstract thought when they are traveling, and then they lose their personal possessions. Judging by statistics they are nearly five times as forgetful as they were before the war.

This is the opinion of Scotland-yard officials, whose fate it is to restore the right article to the right woman after she has lost it.

"Women are exceedingly careless with their umbrellas now," said an official. "At one time about fifty came in to us a day, and a hundred was a record number. Now we have an average of about 240 umbrellas a day. Not even the little straps that they place on umbrella handles now prevent a woman from losing her umbrella, because she simply will not use the handle."

"Women who come in here are appallingly absent-minded. They go away with the umbrellas which we restore to them and leave their bags behind them!"

An omnibus conductor said: "I make it my business to keep my eye on as many as possible of the women passengers who have umbrellas. If we are not making a crowded journey, because otherwise it means that someone will leave hers behind."

VERY SKILLFUL

"Hey," bellowed the aggrieved and muddy buck, "didn't you see that big army truck ran right over me?"

"Yep," agreed the appreciative M. P. "Nice piece of work, wasn't it?"—American Legion Weekly.

HAMBONE'S MEDITATIONS

LAW ME! DOCTUH CHANGE ME TEN DOLLARS WEN HE X-RAY MAH FOOT--UH-HUH--! AH SEES NOW WHUT DAT 'AR 'X' STAN' FUH IN DAT X-RAY!!!!



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HARVESTER COMPANY'S EXCEPTIONAL OFFER

\$230 Cut in Price of International 8-16 and a P. & O. 2-furrow Plow FREE

Greatest Farm Power Value Ever Offered



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This is not a stripped tractor; pared down to make a price, but complete with all essential equipment—pulley, fenders, platform, throttle-governor, adjustable drawbar, angle lugs, brakes. This equipment, worth more than \$100 and necessary on any tractor to make it serviceable and safe, included in our price. No extras to buy.

Free Plow Offer Expires October 1st

Between now and Oct. 1st, we will give to every purchaser of an International 8-16 tractor a genuine 2-bottom P & O plow FREE, f. o. b. Chicago. But this is a special offer good only until Oct. 1st and demands quick action. See us today.

LUTHER CHINN
Beaver Dam, Ky.



KINGDOM IS WITHIN:—Neither shall they say, Lo here or, lo there! for, behold the kingdom of God is within you.—Luke 17:21.

PROCLAMATION OF PEACE:—Glory be to God in the highest, and on earth, peace, good will toward men.—Luke 2:14.

LOVE DEFRAGS NOT:—Owe no man any thing, but to love one another. Then shall not steal. Thou shalt not covet. Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself.—Romans 13:8-9.

GIVING GETS:—There is that scattereth, and yet increaseth; and there is that withholdeth more than is meet, but it tendeth to poverty.—Proverbs 11:24.

HAVE FAITH IN GOD:—And Jesus said unto him, Go thy way; thy faith hath made thee whole. And immediately he received his sight, and followed Jesus in the way.—Mark 10:52.

A SURE GUIDE:—Commit thy way unto the Lord; trust also in him; and he shall bring it to pass.

Rest in the Lord, and wait patiently for him.—Psalm 37:7.

A SUN AND SHIELD:—The Lord God is a sun and shield; the Lord will give grace and glory; no good thing will he withhold from them that walk in the light.—Psalm 84:11.

VIOLATE PERSONAL RIGHTS

A New York policeman ordered a

woman to throw away a cigarette which she was smoking on the street and upon her refusal he knocked it from her fingers. In Kansas City a woman was arrested for smoking in a public park and fined \$500 for vagrancy. In neither of these cities was there any kind of a law, city ordinance or police regulation forbidding a woman to smoke in public. Irrespective of the propriety of women smoking the action of the New York and Kansas City officials has been almost universally condemned as a gross violation of personal rights.

Surgeons agree that in cases of Cuts, Burns, Bruises and Wounds the first treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borzone is the ideal antiseptic and healing agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 30c, 60c and \$1.20. Sold by the Ohio County Drug Co.

FISH CARRY OWN ELECTRIC LAMPS

Herlin, Sept. 16.—Fish and "sea devils" which carry lanterns and electric-like lamps with which to find their way in the coal black depths of the ocean are among the hitherto unknown curiosities of nature brought back by the Danish deep-sea expedition under Dr. Johannes Schmidt, the well-known ocean explorer.

His ship, the steamer Dana, has just returned to Copenhagen with a vast amount of new data of greatest interest to natural scientists and a collection of deep sea inhabitants

never before seen.

The expedition was particularly equipped with instruments and apparatus for deep sea explorations and records. The greatest depth reached was about four miles. Out of the Stygian depths of 16,250 feet or there miles, where eternal Egyptian darkness reigns, a "sea devil" was brought up which, on a wire-like tentacle projecting from his head had a small spherical ball electric-like lamp. This ball gives a red light when the fish swims. Other fish out of the ocean darkness had lantern-like bulbs giving light.

One of the discoveries of the expedition is that the Bermuda Islands are the central breeding places of the eel, and it is claimed that European eels cross the ocean from the Bermudas.

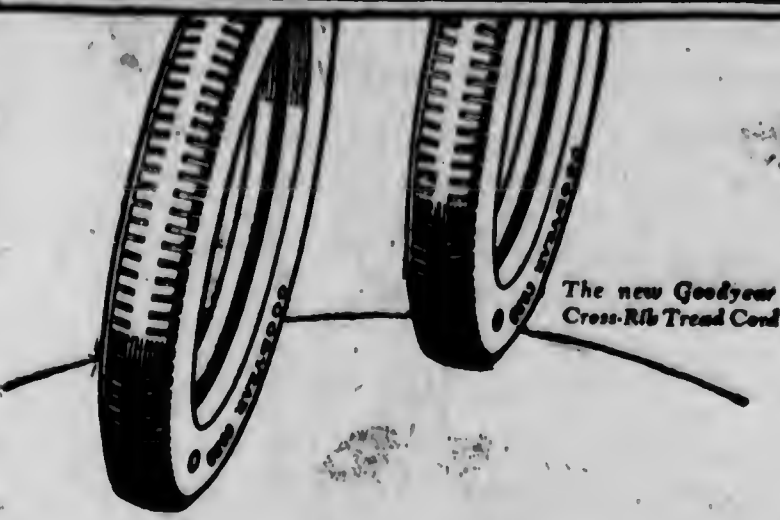
Swellings of the flesh caused by inflammation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying Ballard's Snow Liniment. It should be well rubbed in over the part affected. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 30c, 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

"Drunk again?" said a Scottish magistrate to the prisoner before him. "Five shillings or seven days."

"Och, shure," said the prisoner, who was an Irishwoman. "I have only two shillings in the world!"

"Ah, well," returned the bailie, "ye maun jist gang to prison. If ye hadna got drunk w' your money, ye wad hae had quite enough to pay the fine."—Tit-Bits.

"111"
cigarettes
They are GOOD! 10¢



A New Tread—a Lower Price Reliable Goodyear Quality

Here is a new Goodyear Cord Tire—a big, sturdy, long-wearing tire—that sells at a price lower than you are asked to pay for many "long discount" tires of unknown value.

It has a different tread from the famous Goodyear All-Weather Tread Cord—a new tread with a deep, clean-cut, cog-like pattern—and it sells for substantially less.

It has in it the same high-grade long-staple cotton, the same Goodyear patented group-ply construction, the same liberally oversize dimensions.

When you buy the 4½-inch size, for example, you get a tire whose actual measurement is nearly 5 inches.

Don't confuse this Goodyear Cross-Rib Tread Cord with other popular-price cords which sell at the same price or for slightly more.

In many cases, these other cords are made of inferior materials, with short-staple cotton as a foundation.

Get the tire that is good enough to carry the Goodyear name, that is built to safeguard the world-wide Goodyear reputation.

Compare these prices with NET prices you are asked to pay for "long discount" tires

30x3½ Clincher.....	\$12.50	32x4 Straight Side..	\$24.50	33x4½ Straight Side..	\$32.15
30x3½ Straight Side..	13.50	33x4 Straight Side..	25.25	34x4½ Straight Side..	32.95
32x4½ Straight Side..	19.25	34x4 Straight Side..	25.90	35x5 Straight Side..	39.10
31x4 Straight Side..	22.20	32x4½ Straight Side..	31.45	35x5 Straight Side..	41.05

These prices include manufacturer's excise tax

Goodyear Cross-Rib Tread Cord Tires are also made in 6, 7 and 8 inch sizes for trucks

FOR SALE BY

ACTON BROTHERS,
Hartford, Ky.

BEAVER DAM AUTO COMPANY,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

GOOD YEAR

VERSATILE OYSTER CHANGES SEX OFTEN

Scientist Worried At Bivalve's Ability To Beat Nature.

London, Sept. 16.—Altho an oyster's existence is usually a shut-in one, yet there is one oyster hailing from the River Blackwater, near Colchester, England, who has seen much of life.

He has changed his sex three times in the past twelve months.

This fact is vouched for by Dr. J. H. Orton, a well-known scientist of West Africa. He found a male oyster in June, 1921, and kept it, even going so far as to give it the pet name of Oliver, being, of course, unaware of the twist in the creature's nature.

Young Oliver, according to a letter written by Dr. Orton to the British Medical Journal, was a happy, contented affectionate little bivalve until July 3, 1922. On that day Dr. Orton found that Oliver had presented him with thousands of young oyster children.

Oliver's name was immediately changed to Olivette, but a fortnight later it was found that he or she had again joined the male sex. So that within twelve months Oliver, or Olivette, according as he or she may be today, has had three experiences of sex.

Oliver is now taking a vacation in the Marine Biological Laboratory at Plymouth, where numbers of scientific men sit at his feet, and, in order to avoid confusion, he is now commonly addressed as "Ollie".

Dr. Orton thinks that the sex change is due to changes in the environment and that Ollie can please himself whether he will be a male or a female. He hopes to learn a lot more yet about this oyster.

But Ollie sits tight and says nothing.

Just What She Needed.

"I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Tablets some time ago, and they proved to be just what I needed," writes Mrs. Volta Bankson, Chillicothe, Mo. "They not only relieved me of indigestion, but toned up my liver and rid me of backache and dizziness that I had been subject to for some time. They did me a world of good and I will always speak a good word for them."

HOUSING QUESTION DRAWS ATTENTION OF POULTRYMEN

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16.—With the dull season of the farm poultry business close at hand, farmers have in excellent opportunity to get their hen houses ready for the coming winter, poultrymen at the College of Agriculture say. In Kentucky, where the climate is subject to sudden changes of temperature, fowls need suitable houses before they can produce the largest number of eggs during cold weather. The more comfortable a hen is made the greater her egg production is apt to be.

Successful poultrymen now recognize that the poultry house should fulfill at least six main requirements. These are: 1.—Plenty of fresh air. 2.—Plenty of sunlight. 3.—Dryness. 4.—Freedom from drafts. 5.—Durability. 6.—Low cost. These points are discussed in detail in extension circular No. 170 which has been prepared by the College of Agriculture to help farmers with their flock housing problems. It may be obtained free by writing the Experiment Station, Lexington.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR KENTUCKY ICE PLANTS

Kentucky ranks nineteenth among the States of the Union in the value of ice manufactured annually, according to the last United States Census of Manufacturers. This census shows that there are 99 ice plants in Kentucky, and that the value of ice manufactured in 1921 was \$2,689,000.

irate Housewife—Ain't you the same man I gave a mince pie to last Xmas?

Tramp (bitterly)—No, mum, I'm not; and wot's more the doctors say I never will be again.—Life.

"They say whisky shortens a man's life."

"Yes, but he sees twice as much in the same length of time."—Siren.

DISEASES PLAY HAVOC IN MANY SWINE HERDS

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16.—Infectious swine diseases, parasites and various other troubles are making it increasingly difficult for the Kentucky farmer to produce pork at a profit, according to reports being received by the veterinary department of the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station from all over the state. Cholera, abortion, bowel

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* on the wrapper all these years just to protect the coming generations. Do not be deceived. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

Never attempt to relieve your baby with a remedy that you would use for yourself.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Which Daily Paper?

A Question That Is Quickly and Readily Answered.

The Courier-Journal

Largest Morning Circulation
of Any Kentucky Newspaper

Enjoys a nation-wide prestige and reputation. It is essentially a newspaper, intent upon giving news matter first consideration.

Maintains its own news bureaus at Washington and Frankfort. Member of the Associated Press.

With important legislation coming before Congress and Kentucky General Assembly in 1922, The Courier-Journal is the daily newspaper you will need.

By special arrangements we are now able to offer

THE DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL

—AND—

THE REPUBLICAN

Both one year, by mail, for only \$5.75.

This offer applies to renewals as well as new subscriptions, but only to people living in Kentucky, Tennessee or Indiana. New subscriptions may, if desired, start at a latter date, and renewals will date from expiration of present ones.

If you prefer an evening newspaper, you may substitute The Louisville Times for The Courier-Journal. Send or bring your orders to this office.

FOSTERING RACIAL PREJUDICE RAPPED

Church Body Condemns Orders
Spreading Propaganda; Hits
Mob Violence.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 16.—Sweeping denunciations of mob violence and of secret organizations which foster race and religious prejudice is made in a resolution unanimously adopted today by the house of deputies of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States in general convention.

The resolution, approved by a committee headed by the Rev. Dr. James R. Freeman, of Washington, D. C., called on the ministry of the church and school authorities to teach the sanction of law and government and appealed to officers of the law to uphold the law and suppress all forms of mob violence.

The resolutions as adopted were a combination of resolutions proposed by the Rev. Dr. C. B. Wilmer, of Atlanta, Ga., and the Rev. Dr. D. Winc, of Savannah, Ga.

After reciting that there has been an increase in violence thru mob action the resolutions continue: "There appears to be a very close and intimate connection between these acts of mob violence and the recent rapid growth of religious prejudices and racial apathy favored by certain elements in our country which, sometimes in name of patriotic Americanism, have capitalized bigotry, hatred and intolerance."

A resolution asking passage of laws regulating the marriage of diseased and defective persons was adopted by the house of deputies.

Hope that relations between the Eastern Orthodox Church and the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States may be the foundation on which the unity of all churches of Christendom may be built was expressed by Melitios, patriarch of Constantinople, according to a report to the house of bishops today by the Rev. Dr. William Channsey Emhart, field director of the national foreign-born American division of the Episcopal Church. Dr. Emhart has just returned from the Near East.

Dr. Emhart brought with him a letter from Melitios, addressed to the Protestant Episcopal Church thru the archbishop of Canterbury, in which the Eastern Orthodox Church head formally accepted the validity of Anglican orders and recognized

the apostolic succession of the Protestant Episcopal Church reply.

The Best Advertisement.

The best advertisement any merchant can have is a satisfied customer. No greater recommendation can be given an article than the following by E. B. Milburn, Prop. Gulon Drug Store, Gulon, Ark. "We have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for years and have always found that it gives perfect satisfaction."

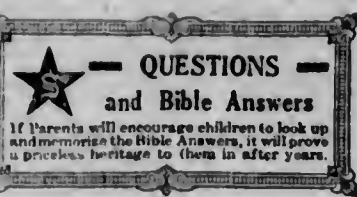
WHEN UTILITIES SUFFER SO MUST THE CUSTOMERS

Some present-day problems confronting utility operators are frankly discussed in a recent statement of the Indiana Public Service Commission. The commission regulating the state's utilities, said:

"In time of adversity or hard times, the private business ceases to down expenses by discharging men, by cutting wages, by refusing to buy unless the price is satisfactory, and, if necessary, it reduces its output or closes up shop or waits for more prosperous times. The public utility can do none of these things. It must continue to operate at full blast regardless of the nature of the times. It must continue to borrow money at excessive rates. It must continue to buy the materials and supplies required. It must retain its full force of employees and increase the force as the demands for its service increase. It cannot reduce salaries and wages to the same extent as private business, for its salaries and wages were never increased to anything like the heights of private business. If trained employees were discharged, necessary materials and supplies were not on hand, if money were not borrowed to make required additions, if inexperienced, cheap labor were employed, if money were not borrowed to make required additions, the service immediately would suffer and the patrons would be the first bitterly to complain."

Despondency.

Sufferers from indigestion are apt to become discouraged and feel that complete recovery is not to be hoped for. No one could make a greater mistake. Hundreds have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Tablets and can now eat anything that they crave. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you have not tried them do so at once.



What does wisdom do when it entereth into the heart?—Prov. 2:10-11.

What is God and how should we worship him?—John 4:24.

Whence cometh wisdom and understanding?—Job 28:20-28.

Who are the sons of God?—Romans 8:14.

Where does perfect liberty exist?—2 Cor. 3:17.

What is necessary before we can lead others into the paths of righteousness?—Psalm 51:12,13.

What does Paul call the temple of God, and if we defile this temple, what is the result?—1 Cor. 3:16,17.

When you have an aching, stretchy feeling and you are dull, tired and discouraged it is a sign of approaching malaria or chills. You should act quickly to ward off an attack. Herbine offers you the help you need. It destroys the malarial germ, drives out all impurities and makes you feel bright, vigorous and cheerful. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

A village newspaper contains this reference to the local hospital achievements: "Our esteemed fellow citizen, Abner Brown, will go to the hospital tomorrow to be operated on for appendicitis. He will leave a wife and two children."

"Dear," she said wistfully, "did you ever love another girl?"

"Why, Mary," he began.

"No!" she shrieked "Lie to me, Jack—lie to me and keep me happy!"—Richmond Times Dispatch.

Mrs. Strongmild—Why don't you go to work?

Tramp—Please, mum, I made a solemn vow 20 years ago that I'd never do another stroke of work till women was paid the same wages as men.

He got the dollar.

Wife—(away from home)—Horror! I forgot to turn off the electric iron!

Husband—It's all right. Nothing will burn long—I forgot to turn off the water in the bath-tub.—Kasper (Stockholm.)

Published Weekly by
HARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY
Incorporated

W. S. TINSLEY, Editor
and Business Manager.

Entered according to law at the
Postoffice, Hartford, Ky., as mail
matter of the second class.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent
to a new address must give the old
address in making the request.
Business Locals and Notices 10c
per line, and 5c per line for each ad-
ditional insertion.
Obituaries, Resolutions and Cards
of Thanks, 1c per word, and 5c for
each head line and signature, money
in advance.
Church Notices for services free,
but other advertisements, 1c per
word.
Anonymous communications will
receive no attention.

TELEPHONE

Farmers Mutual..... 59

FRIDAY,.....SEPTEMBER 22

Is de Valera married? If so it
would be a blessing to Ireland if his
wife were drawing a widow's pen-
sion.

Just as the baseball season ends
the football period begins, to be fol-
lowed by the basketball era but thru-
out the latter reaches of time and
long after, the moth ball survives.

The situation with reference to the
organization of the dark tobacco
growers co-operative marketing asso-
ciation, in Ohio County, has material-
ly changed within the past ten days.
Conditions that existed a fortnight
ago are almost completely reversed.
Prospects at that time looked rather
gloomy, hundreds of growers would
tell you that they rather favored the
organization, but they were not sign-
ing the contracts, and, there are
scores of others who feel that some-
how, in some manner, they can re-
main out of the organization and reap
quick profits probably at the other
fellow's expense. We would not
like to see any man suffer loss, in
tobacco growing or otherwise, but
we sincerely hope that there will not
be enough tobacco left unpledged to
litter a barn floor, in the Green River
District. Should that happen, and
it may, where will the man on the
outside find a marketing place? The
manufacturer, of course, wants his
purchase of stock as cheaply as pos-
sible, but whatever he has to pay,
puts no particular figure with him
and his profits, it is simply passed
on to the ultimate consumer. Just
as the organization of growers will
figure all cost of producing, delivery
to receiving stations, handling and
interest, if any, in financing, togeth-
er with a fair profit for labor and
money invested in producing the crop,
and pass the whole to the purchaser.
That's the whole secret of the situa-
tion and all there will be to it. Grow-
ers who want anything else should
not ally themselves with the associa-
tion, and we sincerely believe that
every producer of the weed should be
a member. Not only do we believe
this to be true for the greater success
of the organization but for the suc-
cess of the individuals as well. It
is any man's privilege to remain out,
if he has studied the question, but
we regard it almost as we do actions
upon matters pertaining to support of
government and constituted authori-
ty. Every citizen should lend, no,
not lead, but pay patriotic support
to government. Tho we may be
wrong, we can't but feel that every
tobacco grower should loyally sup-
port this move to obtain the rights
that the whole body is justly entitled
to claim as its own. If we were
in doubt about the matter we would
try to aid our support. Even though
we were very much in doubt we feel
that we would say yes, with the ma-
jority we are casting our lot, and
thereby make it unanimous.

The President's veto of the Soldier-
Bonus bill is most certain to be ad-
versely criticised by quite a large
number of the ex-service men, but
not by all of them by any means.
As we have heretofore remarked,
many of those who served in the U.
S. Army during the late war did so
at a very great financial sacrifice.
No war has ever been engaged in
wherein this was not the case, none
ever will be. Hardships and sacri-
fices must be endured as battles are
waged, not only by those actually
taking a part but by a large element
of those who must remain out of
military service as well. As Presi-
dent Harding points out in his mes-
sage of disapproval, the Government
has made and is making all provi-
sion for those who were incapacitated
by reason of service in the Nation's
benefit. The National outlay for vo-
cational training, nursing in hospi-

als and for compensation of those
disabled amounts to far in excess of a
half-billion per year, which this year
does not include \$35,000,000 appro-
priated for the erection of hospitals
etc. The total estimate of expendi-
tures for caring for those actually
injured while in service is figured to
be more than \$25,000,000,000 to say
nothing of the immense sum that will
eventually be paid out in the form
of pensions as the ex-service men
begin to reach middle life and be-
yond. With no provision made in
the bill as passed by Congress for a
source from which the, perhaps more
than \$4,000,000,000, to be paid out
to those soldiers not in any manner
injured, is to come from we fail to
see just how the President could have
done otherwise. Wars must always
be fought by those of military age
and physically fit. There is no way,
there can be no way around that
phase of the question. Heretofore
no country, in so far as our limited
knowledge extends, ever granted a
promiscuous bonus to its discharged
able-bodied and uninjured soldiers,
that is, such as this proposed, and
no Nation has ever before paid out
so much per capita for discharged,
incapacitated soldiers as the United
States has and is now doing and will
continue to do in the years ahead. We
yield nothing to any man in honor-
ing those who patriotically serve
their Country, whether it be in war
or otherwise, but when that Country
makes ample, liberal provision for
the care of those disabled in the ser-
vice to go beyond that we are not of
those who believe it exactly proper or
the best thing to do.

The text of the veto may be found
on another page bereof.

OLATON, ROUTE 1.

Mrs. Walker Myrtle and Mr. E. A.
White, Horse Branch, and G. J.
Christian, Olaton, Route 1, were in
Beaver Dam and Hartford Thursday,
on business.

Rev. Jackson Allen, wife and three
children, of Rosine, were in Bea-
ver Dam Saturday, guests of John F.
Allen and Mrs. Allen. They were
enroute from Cromwell to Echols, at
which places Rev. Allen had filled his
regular appointments.

Mrs. Hallie McDaniel, Mrs. Mollie
Allen and Misses Victoria and Eva
Allen, of Beaver Dam, motored to
Hartford Saturday, to attend the Ohio
County Fair.

Prof. Claude F. Fraize left Sunday
for Masonville, where he has ac-
cepted a position to teach in the
high school.

Mrs. Tom Peach and daughter,
Miss Inez Peach, of Williams Mine,
were at Rosine Sunday, visiting Mrs.
Adelaine Allen and Mrs. Annie Earp.
Rev. Wilbert Halle motored to
Render Sunday, where he attended
services at the Church of God church.

Misses Juanita and Jennie V.
Leach were slightly injured at Bea-
ver Dam Sunday afternoon, when the
car in which they were riding plung-
ed over an embankment. The ac-
cident resulted from having been
blinded by the heavy light from an
approaching automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Allen and
daughter, Miss Eva, were guests Sun-
day, of relatives at Williams Mine.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Daniel, of Rock-
port, were recent guests of Mr. Dan-
iel's parents, J. A. Daniel and family,
at Beaver Dam.

A meeting is reported for Olaton,
to begin September 19th at the
Woodman Hall, conducted by Evan-
gelist L. J. Allen.

Spurgeon Foster, of Horse Branch,
was in Beaver Dam Thursday, on busi-
ness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hall of the
Sundeur & Hall Grocery, in Beaver
Dam, drove to Mclenny to visit rela-
tives Sunday.

Wilbert Halle contemplates a trip
to Alabama soon, to attend the an-
nual convention of the Church of God,
which will convene in Birmingham.

Mr. C. D. Bean, of Dundee, went
to Louisville last week, where he at-
tended the State Fair, and has since
been the guest of his daughter, Mrs.
Lizzie Bean. He will leave Louis-
ville tomorrow for Des Moines, Iowa,
to attend the National Encampment
of the G. A. R.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Sam
Crowe and other citizens and land
owners living in the Rosine and
Horse Branch voting precincts will,
on Monday, October 2nd, 1922, file
in the Ohio County Court their peti-
tion petitioning the Honorable R. R.
Wedding, Judge of the Ohio County
Court, to have W. W. Hatler remove
certain gates which have heretofore
been erected and are now being main-
tained by the said W. W. Hatler over
and across the Rosine and Horse
Branch public highway, which high-
way runs through the said Hatler's
premises.

Given under my hand this 19th
day of September, 1922. 1312
SAM CROWE, et al.,
By Dennis Ashley, Road Engineer. 42c.

STRAY STREAKS

(By Fluke McFluke.)

Due to a mess of advertising and
other stuff of little interest, this col-
umn was "side-swiped" last week, but
we are determined that our readers
are not to escape this issue.

Ernest Birkhead bids fair to lose
a lot of good business, as an Owens-
boro Funeral director and undertak-
ing establishment is getting next to
Doctor Riley with their advertise-
ment, literature and for all we know
commission sheets.

If we were a lawyer, expert and
adept in the statutes pertaining to de-
cent and distribution we would, like
the undertaker, form some sort of al-
liance with these medicos.

We had Bat Nall press a couple of
pairs of breeches during the hot
weather and while ice water was
good drinking he was a bit afraid to
dun us, and, now as the time draws
nigh for the use of fire he yet hesi-
tates to try to make us pay him.

Ernest Ellis, the Ellis Ice Compa-
ny, puts on a cold, pinched and un-
pleasant expression as the hot weath-
er is on the wane. We suggest that
the ice company join the coal pro-
ducers and wear a smile the year
round.

We thought when Eck Rial made
arrangements with his father, the
Kaiser, to collect his freight bills we
would have a pleasant time paying
bills properly figured and everything,
but good gosh, shucks! the dodrotted
luck gets worse and worse.

Our wife says as how if that friend
of ours who gave us that box of 100
cigars had made it sugar, coffee, lard
or flour it would have saved her some
trouble in the struggle for existence.

We were in the bath tub when the
fire alarm was given last Sunday
morning and by the time we tried
off, dressed and found our collar and
the particular tie we had previously
decided to wear Sunday, tonicked and
combed our hairs and got up to the
fire the house had just about burned
up, or maybe it was down as it
caught from the top.

"Smoky" Jim Davis, of Route 3,
Beaver Dam, came into the office one
morning this week with a five dollar
bill in his hand and said he wanted
to pay his subscription. When asked
how he wished to pay he says "both
ways, one year back and one front."

We notice it is becoming a fad
amongst the fashionable young janes
to have their little toes removed in
order to wear pointed shoes. Many
are the times we would have liked
to remove both feet of our wife. For
the most part we've had the feeling
on cold, wintry nights.

Phyto Salici General Tonic.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS

Cattle—Midweek trade brought
out a fairly good number. Prices
were generally steady on the desir-
able kinds, while medium and in-
ferior class were slow and drag-
gy. The best heavy cows are in good
demand; medium kinds slow; can-
ners \$2.25@2.50 bull trade strong;
tops, \$4.25@4.50. Undertone full
steady on the best heavy steers; few
prime kinds offered; medium and
inbetween steers, slow sale. Good
outlet for the best quality stockers
and feeders; medium and common
stockers plentiful and slow sale. Fairly
good clearance noted.

Calves—Market active and 50c
higher. Best veals \$11 down; me-
dium and common kinds slow from
\$2.50@6.

Hogs—Market steady. Best hogs
165 to 300 pounds \$9.80; 120 to 165
pounds, \$9.50; 300 pounds up \$8-
90; pigs, 120 lbs. down \$8; throw-
outs \$7 down; stags \$5.40 down.

Sheep and Lambs—Trade general-
ly steady, with demand active. Best
rams \$12 down; seconds and hutch-
er lambs \$6.50@8. The best fat
light sheep, \$4.50 down; heavy sheep
\$3 down; bucks \$2.50@3.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Buying prices net to shipper the
shipper paying freight and drayage
charges are:

Butter—Country packing stock 19
cents lb.

Eggs—Candled, first 26c dozen;
seconds 20c.

Poultry—Hens, 15@17c lb.;
spring chickens, 20c lb.; roosters 7c
lb.; ducks old 10c; young, 15c; geese
7c lb.; turkeys, No. 1, 33c lb.; guin-
eas old 25c each; young guineas 1 1/2
lbs. 60c each.

Grain.

Wheat—No. 2 red \$1.17 bu.;
wagon wheat 3c hn. less.
Corn—No. 2 white 70c; No. 2 yel-
low 70c; No. 2 mixed 70c.
Oats—No. 2 white 43c; No. 3 white
42c.



Let Us Show You

Why the woman who owns a
MONARCH Malleable Range is al-
ways assured of constant and satis-
factory service.

Malleable iron and riveted air-
tight construction permits quicker
heating and more even baking—it
also reduces the fuel costs to min-
imum.

Come in and see our complete
line and learn of the attractive prices
at which you can buy a

MONARCH MALLEABLE

The "Stay Satisfactory" Range

ACTON BROS.

- HARTFORD, KY.

Report of the Condition of The BANK OF HARTFORD

Doing business in the town of Hart-
ford, County of Ohio, State of
Kentucky, at the close of
business on the 15th day
of Sept., 1922.

Resources	
Loans and Discounts	\$385,542.87
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	756.25
Stocks, Bonds and other	
Securities	5,050.00
Due from Banks	46,923.56
Cash on hand	11,192.44
Checks and other cash	
Items	280.65
Banking House, Furni- ture and Fixtures	4,500.00
Total	\$454,245.77
Liabilities	
Capital Stock paid in, in cash	\$40,000.00
Surplus Fund	25,000.00
Undivided Profits, less ex- penses and taxes paid	1,005.44
Deposits sub- ject to check \$190,958.85	
Time deposits \$197,281.48	388,240.33
Total	\$454,245.77

State of Kentucky)
(Set.
County of Ohio)

We, Rowan Holbrook and C. O.
Hunter, Vice-President and Cashier
of the above named Bank, do solemn-
ly swear that the above statement is
true to the best of our knowledge
and belief.

ROWAN HOLBROOK, Vice-Pres.,
C. O. HUNTER, Cashier,
Subscribed and sworn to before me,
this 21st day of September, 1922.
My Commission Expires Jan. 17,
1926.
W. S. TINSLEY, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
C. O. HUNTER,
R. E. LEE SIMMERMAN,
ROWAN HOLBROOK,
Directors.

FOR SALE

240 acres of land, 2 miles from
Livermore, on public road. 25 acres
tilled, 25 in clover, about 120 clear-
ed. Everlasting well of water on place
and in 1/2 mile of school. Will sell
in two tracts or as a whole. Easy
terms, See

MARY HARDIN,
Livermore, Ky.

OLATON

Mr. Elgin Daniel left last Wednes-
day for Herper, Kansas.

Miss Sadie St. Clair, of Las Ve-
gas, New Mexico, who is visiting re-
latives in Kentucky, was the guest of
A. W. May, last week. Miss St.
Clair will enter school at Bowling
Green, this week.

Mr. James Goff and crew of the
londra, are loading the ties from the
Olaton yard this week.

Mrs. M. C. Stone is on the sick
list.

Mr. G. J. Hoover of Dans, was in
town Monday.

Mr. C. B. Lyons attended the State
Fair, at Louisville last week.

Mr. M. S. Patterson has built a
veranda to the house occupied by C.
W. Brown.

Mrs. Dee Cooksey is visiting her
daughter, Mrs. A. G. Daniel, of Dun-
dece.

Mr. L. B. Cannon went to Owens-
boro Monday.

Miss Nina Lyons, who has been
confined to her home for several

days, with bronchial trouble is much
improved.

Mr. Ira Taylor, of Cedar Hill,
Tennessee, is visiting friends here.

Mr. C. D. Bean and Mrs. Lou
Fauht attended the State Fair.

Misses Chiffie Cooksey and Chris-
ta Bruner spent several days in the
Cano Run neighborhood last week,
and attended the protracted meeting
being conducted there by Revs. Bob
Oldham and Robinson.

Mrs. Tom Whitworth, of Barretts
Ferry, who has been visiting her sis-
ter, Mrs. Hiram Monroe, at this place,
left Saturday for Indianapolis, Ind.,
where she will make her home.

FOR SALE

60 ACRE FARM, known as the
Buck Duvall farm, situated on the
public road between Select and Balze-
town, contains newly painted 4-room
dwelling with good barn and orchard.
Price \$690.

E. W. JACKSON,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

WASHINGTON.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Mallaney and
family of this vicinity were Sunday
guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Newcomb
of this vicinity.

Miss Virgeline Newcomb of this
place, spent a few days this week
with relatives of Alexandria neigh-
borhood.

Miss Versa Newcomb who has been
staying in Hartford with Mrs. J. S.
Leisure, returned to her home in
this vicinity, Tuesday.

Mrs. O. R. Tinsley and Miss Violet
Allen of this place, were in town Mon-
day, shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Sutton, of near
Narrows, returned home Monday, af-
ter spending several days with Mrs.
Sutton's mother, Mrs. Della Bratcher,
and aunts, Mrs. L. L. Newcomb,
of this community.

Phyto Salici for Rheumatism.

OHIO COUNTY

School Fair

FORDSVILLE, KY.

October 20-21

Programs will be mailed to teachers later.

CLARENCE MASON, Ch'm'n.

WILL PARK, Sec'y.

Coats, Coat Suits and Dresses



The season is now here for your Fall Ready-to-Wear.

We are in a position to show you the greatest variety that it has been our privilege to show in years. The styles are prettier and the prices are lower than heretofore.

COATS—\$7.50, \$10.00, \$15, \$20.00, \$25.00 to \$50.00.

COAT SUITS—\$15, \$18.50, \$20.00, \$25.00 to \$45.00.

DRESSES—\$7.50, \$10, \$15, \$20.00 to \$35.00.

A complete line of Misses' and Children's garments, all shades, qualities and prices, from \$1.50 to \$15.00.

MILLINERY

No more complete found than can be had in this department. Consult our milliner for your needs. She will be glad to give you information.

A few hours spent in our store will convince you that we are headquarters. When the latest is out, you will find it at our store. SEE US.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Messrs. A. C. Acton, and Louis Fulkerson, city, spent Monday in Morgantown, on business.

Messrs. J. O. Westerfield, Hartford, Route 6, and J. L. Patton, Ralph, were in Hartford Tuesday.

Mrs. Maude Stone returned to Henderson Tuesday, after spending several days in Hartford, the guest of friends.

Mr. Louis Fulkerson, city, left Tuesday morning for Flint, Mich., from which point he will return with a Buick automobile, for Acton Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. Bunyan Wells, city, are the parents of a fine baby boy, born, Friday, September 15.—The little fellow has been christened Carl K.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin C. Browning, of Russellville, arrived in Hartford Friday of last week, to spend several days with relatives and attend the Fair.

Mrs. Cattie Bennett returned to her home in Bremen, Ky. Monday, after spending several days in this city, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. L. E. Potter.

LOST—Bunch of Keys on Beaver Dam and Horton road, near Iron bridge. \$5.00 reward. Notify H. J. BOYD, 31 Martwick, Ky.

Misses Lelia Glenn and Clyde Bolton, of Central City, spent the week-end in Hartford, the guest of Miss Glenn's parents, Judge and Mrs. J. S. Glenn.

Mrs. Laura McKinney, of Evansville, Ind., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joe S. Bennett, and other friends in the Beda country, her former home.

Mrs. Sallie Drake, of South Carrollton, has been the guest of relatives in Hartford, Kronos and other points in Ohio County for the past several days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Leslie Hagerman, Centertown, Route 1, spent the week-end in Hartford, the guests of Mr. Hagerman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Y. Hagerman.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Embrey and daughters, Misses Beda and Eva, of Neafus, spent Friday and Saturday in Hartford the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Stewart.

Mrs. Cordelia Petty, Mrs. J. M. Smith and daughters, Amanda and Anna Mae, of Narrows, spent the week-end in Hartford, the guests of friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Oppie Kittinger, sons Oscar and Cecil and daughters, Gladys and Katherine, of Owensboro, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Taylor, city, Sunday.

Miss Ida Marie Bennett, Centertown, Route 1, was the week-end guest of Misses Ruth Tichenor and Irene Rhoads at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Williams, city.

Mr. and Mrs. Barrett Russell and daughter, Miss Lillian will leave next week for Arcadia, Florida, where they will spend the winter. They will make the trip by automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Davis and little grand-son, C. B. Jr., returned to their home at Horse Branch yesterday, after spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Luther L. Leach, city.

Mr. and Mrs. James Caskey Bennett, of Central City, and son, Oscar, of Brandenburg, were week-end guests of their daughter and sister, Mrs. Hinton Leach and Mr. Leach, city.

Mrs. Yelver Lashbrooks and little sons, Lodford Freeman and Austin Morris, of Masonville, were guests Saturday and Sunday of Mrs. Lashbrooks' father, Judge J. D. Holbrook and Mrs. Holbrook, city.

Mrs. Leslie Stewart and little daughter, Katherine Rhea, have returned to their home in the Central Grove country, after spending three weeks, in this city, the guests of Mrs. Stewart's mother, Mrs. C. B. Howard.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Smith and son, Edward, of Madisonville, arrived in Hartford, Friday of last week to attend the Fair and visit relatives. Mr. Smith and son, returned home Sunday, while Mrs. Smith remained over during the week.

Miss Eva Mae Smith, who is teaching at Herbert, near Whitesville, spent Saturday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Smith, city. She was accompanied by Miss Agatha Payne of Herbert, and Messrs Raymond and Herman Newton, of Roseville.

COOPER BRO.'S Fall Showing OF MILLINERY

Will be on display any time you wish to see it. Don't fail to see our large and complete line of Millinery. It's open for your inspection, and if you want any information in regard to Millinery, Miss Mary Beeler, who is capable and always glad to help you, will show you through.

We Have Our Store Full of New Merchandise for Fall

Such as Dress Goods of all kinds from the cheapest up. We carry a full line of Coat Suits and one-piece Dresses, \$15.00 to \$50.00.

Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Caps, Shoes, etc. We handle the national advertised line of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes and Florsheim Shoes for men, the Queen Quality Shoe for women, and Billiken Shoe for children, so come and give our store a look and be convinced that this is the place to trade.

Yours for Quality,

COOPER BROS.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22

SMOKE

EL PERBO 10 cents.
LITTLE PERKINS 5cts.
At The Best Stands.

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Bananas, Oranges and Lemons at 1313 HEG'S.

Esquire J. H. Miles of near Paradise, was in Hartford Monday.

Mrs. Rowan Holbrook, city, spent Wednesday of last week in Owensboro.

For Hot Soup, Hot Hamburgers, and Beef Stew drop in at 1313 HEG'S.

J. C. Duvall, of Rockport, was a caller at this office, while in town, Saturday.

Ballets, Barbed Wire and Field Fence. See W. E. ELLIS & BRO., Hartford, Ky. 1011

FOR SATURDAY—Fresh Oysters, Pork Brains, Pork Chops and Cat Fish at HEG'S. 1311

W. V. Midkiff, Route 1, Fordsville, was a caller at this office while in Hartford Tuesday.

Miss Muriel Hocker, of Beaver Dam, spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Nall, city.

Rev. H. C. Truman, of Fordsville, was a guest of friends in this city Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. M. T. Callihan, of Memphis, Tenn., spent Monday and Tuesday in Hartford, with friends.

Robert Rusher, of Fordsville, was in Hartford Tuesday, and called at this office while here.

Best quality Rye and Timothy seed. Turnip seed in bulk. W. E. ELLIS & BRO., Hartford, Ky. 1011

Home-made candles and pies at 13-31 HEG'S.

C. C. Carter, of Narrows, was a visitor at this office Monday.

Esquire O. E. Scott and C. C. Dennis, of Prentiss, were in Hartford Monday.

J. H. Davis, Beaver Dam Route 3, was a pleasant caller at this office Tuesday.

666 Cures Malaria, Chills, Fever, Bilious Fever, Colds and LaGrippe. 501201

Mrs. Altha Addington, of Kronos, was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. Owen Hunter, city.

Messrs. Watt Taylor and Roscoe Bishop, of Route 1, Centertown, were visitors at this office Tuesday.

Miss Sudie Allen, city, is spending the week with her aunt, Mrs. R. F. Jones and Mr. Jones, in Madisonville.

Miss Rea Igleheart, of Centertown, spent the week-end in Hartford, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. Alney Tichenor, of the Central Grove country, were pleasant callers at this office Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Karl Hoover, city, will spend Sunday with Mrs. Hoover's father, Mr. Willard Hess, at McHenry.

Mrs. Nannie Richardson, died Tuesday the 19th, of cancer. Burial occurred the 20th at Bethel burying grounds.

Mrs. Rufus Baird, of Beaver Dam, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Baird, city, and other relatives near town.

The little son, born to Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Wright, of Jingo, September 19th, died within a few minutes after birth.

Mrs. Margaret Townsend, of Cobden, Ill., arrived in Hartford Monday, to be the guest of her niece, Mrs. S. J. Wedding, for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry L. Taylor and children, of near town, spent Sunday in the city, as guests of Mr. Taylor's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Taylor.

Mr. J. F. Barrett, of Whitesville, spent Tuesday in Hartford, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Barrett.

Revs. T. T. Frazier and R. D. Bennett, city, are attending the M. E. Conference, in session at Central City.

Mrs. Albro Duncan and little son, Henry Yeager, of Maceo, are visiting Mrs. Duncan's sister, Mrs. B. H. Ellis and Mr. Ellis, city.

Mesdames Rowan Holbrook, Jno. B. Wilson, J. R. Pirtle and T. T. Frazier are among those who will go to Central City today to attend the M. E. Conference, at that place.

Mr. Bud Yelver, who is in the employ of the Timber Products Preserving Company, Louisville, spent the week-end at his home here. He returned Sunday, accompanied by Messrs. John T. King, city, and Hohart Tinsley and Ulysses Trogen, of the Washington country, who have accepted employment with the same Company.

Miss Lurene Collins, stenographer for the Wickliffe Coal Co., of Greenfield, is taking a two weeks' vacation, and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Collins, city. Miss Collins' sister, Miss Kennedy, city, is filling her position in her absence. The former, together with her parents, will go to Louisville within the next few days to visit another sister, Miss Mary Warren, stenographer for the Axton-Fisher Tobacco Company, of that city. They will also spend a few days in Chicago, Ill., before returning.

A gentleman of Arizona once hanged himself to the bedpost by his suspenders. The verdict of the coroner's jury was:

"Deceased came to his death by coming home full and mistaking himself for his pants."—Everybody's.

Phyto Salici at all Dealers.

BEADS ODDLY STRUNG

(By I. D. Claire)

Clothes may not make the man, but away back when they were 'em they went a long way toward making the woman.

Most of the railway shopmen who were recently striking for higher wages, are now striking for lower wages.

"Dinty Moore's Place", a sign written in box car letters over a vacant soft drink stand on West Jefferson street, indicates there must be a lot of Maggies living down in that neighborhood.

Big headlines in Monday's Times announced that Buddy McPheng had filed a petition in bankruptcy. I hunted Buddy up for particulars. "Oh," he explained in a matter-of-fact way, "the story got abroad that my application for appointment as a prohibition enforcement officer had been turned down, and my creditors swooped down on me like a school of sharks on a wounded whale." "Well, Buddy," I asked sympathetically, "do you have anything to fall back on?" To which he replied unconcernedly: "Only the old woman's washin'."

The old philosophers disputed for five hundred years whether the chief end of life was virtue or happiness, forgetting that the one follows the other as the night follows the day.

Angered at the coal operators, Henry Ford vents his wrath on his seventy-five thousand employees.

I said to a friend from Hartford—I will not call his name—who was attending the State Fair last week, "Alex, did anybody come up with you?" He answered in a whisper, though nobody was in ear-shot, "I am mighty sorry to say there was—"

my wife."

I would sooner rob a man of his money than his religion, whatever his religion, unless I could replace it with a better religion.

The chief reason for man's disappointment with man is that man expects too much of man.

If you would be happy and do some good in the world laugh with your friends and at your enemies.

I thought it a splendid example of optimism when I heard recently an old maid say to her younger sister, "I would rather be the last rose of summer" than the first violet of spring."

I can't quite understand the quality of piety of the man who in obeying the scriptural injunction to love one's neighbor as one's self persists in including his neighbor's wife.

The home-brew had been brought out and disposed of, and now for two hours Matty and his friend had been expecting the worst. "Shay, Bill!"

"Whasher masher?" "Th-they shay if you look 'em straight in th-the eye, th-they won't bito you."

Visitor—What do you call this? Fire drill?

Clerk—No, Mr. Bonds, president of our concern, just dropped dead in his private office, and the boys are moving up into their new positions as quickly as possible so that no time will be lost.

She—Who was that lady you just bowed to?

He—That was the second wife of the third husband of my first wife.

"Why do women wear shoulder straps on their gowns?"

"Well, its that or nothing."

\$5.75 Pays For Both

Subscribe For Your Home Paper

The Hartford Republican

—AND—

Louisville Daily Herald

Kentucky's Greatest Newspaper.

You Should Read The Louisville Herald

A metropolitan daily paper that contains a complete telegraph and cable service covering the world. State news from correspondents in all parts of Kentucky. The Herald's local service gives all the news of Louisville and suburbs. Society, Financial, Market and Sport pages, are in charge of the most reliable authorities on these special subjects.

Does it mean anything to you to be supplied with a daily newspaper that interests every member of the family? Then it is the Louisville Herald you want in addition to your local paper.

If you also desire the Sunday Herald add \$2.50 to your remittance.

Order your subscription through

THE REPUBLICAN,
Hartford, Ky.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Club girls baked 370,000 loaves of bread last year in connection with extension club work carried on by county extension workers, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture. More than 31,000 girls learned to make and judge good bread in these clubs during the year.

Farmers and farm women have recently celebrated the tenth anniversary of the beginning of agricultural extension work in four counties—De Kalb County, Ill.; Sussex County, N. J.; Cape Girardeau County, Mo.; and Portage County, Ohio—according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture. The first county extension agent began work in Texas in 1906. Organized extension work is now being carried on in over 2,100 counties.

Many By-Products Return Profit to Citrus Growers.

To offset the serious losses in the citrus fruit industry occurring through bruising, undersized, or oversized oranges, grapefruit, and lemons usually allowed to go to waste, the Bureau of Chemistry of the United States Department of Agriculture has investigated methods for getting by-products that will return a profit to the grower. Some of these products require a preliminary expense for equipment, but it has been demonstrated that the investment can soon be made profitable.

Grapefruit juice, which is increasing in popularity, can be easily made if directions for pressing, straining, pasteurizing, clarifying, sweetening, and bottling the juice are carefully followed. These directions may be obtained from the department. A blend of grapefruit juice with loganberry juice has been found popular. Orange vinegar is a satisfactory substitute for apple vinegar and should be made from cull lemons or limes, if proper apparatus is installed.

Other by-products from citrus fruits often wasted include candied citrus peel, for use as a confection or by bakers, in place of citron, marmalades, jellies, butters and pectin.

Demonstrates Making of a Community Program of Work.

A demonstration of the development of a community program of extension work was given at the annual conference of Louisiana extension agents of the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the State agricultural college, held in Baton Rouge in August. A program for a near-by community was completed before an audience of extension agents and farmers, with the assistance of four farmers, who discussed the leading agricultural interests of this community and what they considered the most pressing problems.

The demonstration showed that the extension agent should make a close study of the community before at-

tempting the formation of any program, an almost use care, patience, and skillful questioning at the conference of the community program committee in determining the real problems. When the program is completed, the demonstrations should be followed by well-planned meetings, tours, and other publicity in order to get the largest possible number of people to accept the practices which the demonstrations have shown to be worth while locally.

Airplane Dusting Used in Control of Cotton Worm.

Airplane dusting as a means of control for cotton-leaf worms is being given a thorough test by the United States Department of Agriculture, in cooperation with the War Department, which is loaning planes and pilots for experimentation. The work is going on at the Delta Laboratory of the Bureau of Entomology, at Tallulah, La., under the direction of R. B. Coad.

The necessity for reaching every part of a large area as rapidly as possible in case of a severe infestation led to these experiments, which have so far given very encouraging results. The width of spread taken at a trip by the plane is yet to be determined, but it is known that the dust delivery from a plane can be controlled to poison effectively a strip of any desired width from 20 to 400 feet. About 2 pounds of calcium arsenate to the acre insures a very thorough dusting.

A hopper without any feed mechanism whatever has been developed, using the air current created by the plane to deliver the dust and break it up into very fine particles. The speed and thoroughness with which this is accomplished, the amount of adhesion to the plants and the economy of operation, have been advantages obtained by the use of the airplane. Even with a small hopper necessitating frequent landings, about 250 acres of cotton can be treated in an hour, although there may be a stiff breeze blowing. The cost of operation appears to be much lower than the cost for mules and labor for operating the number of dusting machines which the plane replaces. In addition there is enormous saving in chemicals, as the calcium arsenate dust is distributed so much more effectively.

Glass Stomach Indicates Digestibility of Foods.

It is now possible to determine the digestibility of the protein in foods and whether or not it is necessary to cook them, without conducting feeding tests, thus saving much time and expense, say the specialists of the Bureau of Chemistry, United States Department of Agriculture, who have adapted a chemical method to this work. The method is carried out by the use of laboratory apparatus that might be called an artificial stomach,

since by its use it is possible to imitate at least a part of the digestive processes.

The proteins to be tested, those from beans, for instance, are placed in glass containers in a dilute solution of hydrochloric acid similar to that found normally in the stomach, the proper quantity of pepsin is added, and the mixture is placed in an incubator where the temperature is kept at the same point as that of the human stomach, about 37 degrees centigrade. After a certain number of hours the contents of the container are sampled and analyzed. The digestive effect is measured by the ratio of what is known as amino nitrogen to total nitrogen. By running through cooked and uncooked protein from beans it is possible to determine which is the more easily acted upon by the chemicals in this artificial stomach, and, consequently by the stomach itself.

After the food has been acted upon by the pepsin and hydrochloric acid, it is treated with trypsin and a dilute alkaline solution, as nearly as possible like the digestive juices found in the small intestine. This second process tells the investigator what the probable digestive action on any particular food will be in the intestine.

In the human or animal body there are, of course, other factors that enter into the digestion of food or feeds but the "artificial stomach" will tell if one protein is more digestible than another and whether it is more digestible when cooked or raw. It does not tell what kinds of protein are contained in a food or whether the variety is sufficient for all the needs of the body.

Extension Methods Studied By 110 Negro Pastors.

Practical suggestions for the improvement of farming methods and living conditions in farm homes in their districts are being given by 110 negro pastors and presiding elders in Alabama, Georgia, and neighboring States who attended a three-weeks school of methods held at Gammon Theological Seminary, Athens, Ga., in May and June, as reported to the United States Department of Agriculture. The school program included a series of effective demonstrations by extension workers from Tuskegee Institute, Ala., who conduct movable school programs in the rural districts of Alabama.

The pastors attending the Athens school were given instruction in soil management, crop production, farm carpentry, including the making of home conveniences, poultry keeping, care of gardens and fruit, proper methods of cooking and food preservation, sanitation and home nursing. According to reports received by the department, these pastors are putting on similar demonstrations in their communities and at conferences of rural pastors in their districts.

More than 2,000 acres of Whitley county farm land are expected to be seeded with cover crops this fall to protect them from erosion and leaching during the winter, County Agent E. F. Davis says.

25 Years of Agricultural Investigation in Alaska.

In 1897 the present chief of the division of insular stations, States Relations Service, made a survey of Alaska for the United States Department of Agriculture to determine the agricultural and horticultural possibilities of the Territory. An experiment station was established shortly afterwards at Sitka. The visit of the chief was recently repeated, to learn at first hand the development that has taken place in the intervening 25 years.

It has been fully demonstrated that Alaskan agriculture can be self-sustaining. There are now five Alaskan experiment stations—at Sitka, Rampart, Kodiak, Fairbanks and Matanuska—which have introduced a number of improved varieties of hardy grains, including wheat, oats, rye, and barley, all of which are being successfully grown on Alaskan farms, as well as vegetables, fruits and ornamentals of various kinds. These have aided settlers materially in increasing their local food supply and in improving their home surroundings. Whereas only two satisfactory gardens were growing in southeastern Alaska in 1897, excellent crops of radishes, lettuce, onions, potatoes, peas, beans, cabbage, cauliflower, turnip, and other vegetables are now growing almost everywhere. In many places strawberries, raspberries, currants, and gooseberries are produced abundantly.

Small dairies have been established near a number of Alaskan towns. At Skagway oats and vetch were grown this year to fill a silo for winter feed for the cows.

Among the striking investigations at the Sitka station are those with straw-berries and potatoes. More than 2,000 hybrid strawberries came into bearing in July, the result of crosses made with native species and some cultivated varieties, all having the characteristic aroma and flavor

of the coast species parent. The station hybrid strawberries are being successfully grown and producing berries of excellent quality. Several hundred seedling potatoes are being tested to determine their value for Alaskan conditions.

Differences in Names of Wheat By-Product Feeds.

Sectional differences in the use of names for by-products of wheat are often confusing, says the United States Department of Agriculture in calling attention to the terms used in the regions growing the three principal types of wheat. The near Northwest, which includes Minnesota, the Dakotas, and parts of adjoining States, grows hard spring wheat; the Southwest, also Nebraska and Kansas, grows hard winter wheat; and the East and States as far west as Missouri and Iowa grow soft winter wheat. Of course, these areas overlap to some extent.

Most of the confusion has been caused by different names for shorts and middlings. In some parts of the country these terms are used synonymously, in others one may be used to the exclusion of the other. Where both are used there seems to be a tendency to apply the term "shorts" to the coarser materials such as standard middlings; and the term "middlings" to the finer materials, such as red dog flour.

While there often may be considerable differences in the composition of corresponding by-products because of the differences in composition and texture of the wheat and of the slight differences in milling practice, the methods of manufacture in the different milling sections are similar and the following list shows the names used in the different regions for the same by-product feed:

Northwest—Bran, Standard Middlings, Flour Middlings, Red Dog, Wheat Mixed Feed.

Southwest—Bran, Brown Shorts, Gray Middlings, White Middlings, Mixed Feed.

East—Bran, Brown Middlings, Gray Middlings, White Middlings, Wheat Mixed Feed.

"Shipstuffs" is a term that has been used in the past for various wheat by-products. It has no very definite meaning, although it seems to apply only to wheat products.

A model of the poultry house recommended for farm flocks by the State college of agriculture, attached to the county extension agent's automobile, has been carried by the agent in McDonald County, Mo., on his demonstration trips for several months. Special demonstrations of its construction were given at 14 community fairs. As a result, 21 new poultry houses, modeled on this type, are under construction in the county, according to reports to the U. S. Department of Agriculture, and 27 poultry houses were remodeled last year.

Two hundred and sixty thousand farm families either made their first home garden or changed their previous ways of gardening in 1921, as a result of demonstrations of improved methods by agricultural extension agents, according to reports received by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Allen county farmers are contributing toward the success of the drive which the extension division of the College of Agriculture is conducting throughout the state against scrub breeding animals, County Agent A. M. Allen says. Thirteen of them have enrolled in the movement by agreeing to use nothing but purebred sires in all their breeding work.

A campaign designed to eradicate tuberculosis from McLean county herds is going forward rapidly, County Agent H. H. Ford says. A total of 125 animals have been listed by their owners to be tested for the disease.

A total of 380 Grayson county farmers and poultry keepers have been taught the method of separating the laying and loafing hens in their flocks by means of nine poultry-culling demonstrations held recently by County Agent, R. W. Searce and the extension division of the College of Agriculture at Lexington. The owners of 40 flocks in the county reported that they handled a total of 1,700 hens, 450 of which proved to be low producers that had stopped laying until spring.

20 Sales of Purebred Pullets are Scheduled.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16.—Twenty auction sales to dispose of approximately 8,550 purebred pullets of the White Plymouth Rock, Barred Plymouth Rock, White Wyandotte and single comb Rhode Island Red breeds have been scheduled for Kentucky between Oct. 7 and Nov. 20 in connection with the poultry standardization campaign being conducted over the state by the extension division of the College of Agriculture. It has been

A CASH OFFER

The Hartford Republican has made a special clubbing rate with the Memphis Weekly Commercial Appeal by which we will furnish both papers for one year for the low price of

\$1.75

The Commercial Appeal is one of the largest and best papers in the South and we hope to receive many new subscribers on this offer. One dollar and seventy-five cents cash for both papers. Send in your subscription now. Don't delay.

announced.

The sales will have a two-fold purpose. The first will be to reimburse banks, produce houses and other co-operating parties who cooperated in the standardization movement by financing the distribution of purebred hatching eggs during the spring just past while the second will be to make it possible for additional farmers to stock their farms with purebred poultry at a comparatively low cost.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Tuttle*

DIRECTORY

Ohio County

CIRCUIT COURT

Meets first Monday in March, May and July; third Monday in September and fourth Monday in November: Judge—George S. Wilson, Owensboro. Com'rs. Attorney—Glover H. Cary, Calhoun.

Clerk—Frank Black. Master Commissioner—B. H. Ellis. Trustee Jury Fund—L. B. Tichenor.

COUNTY COURT

Convenes first Monday in each month:

Judge—R. R. Wedding. County Atty.—Otto C. Martin. Clerk—Guy Ranney. Sheriff—G. A. Ralph; Deputies: Mack Cook, Iris Render, George P. Jones. Jailor—Nat Hudson.

QUARTERLY COURT

Convenes first Monday in each month.

FISCAL COURT

Convenes Tuesday after first Monday in January; first Tuesday in April and October, R. H. Wedding County Judge, presiding. 1st District—J. P. McCoy, Hartford. 2nd District—W. C. Kaott, Centertown. 3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons. 4th District—J. R. Murphy, Fordsville.

5th District—Sam H. Holbrook, Hartford, R. F. D. No. 4. 6th District—Mack Martin, Narrows. R. F. D. No. 2. 7th District—J. Walter Taylor, Beaver Dam, R. F. D. No. 3.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Superintendent—Mrs. F. S. Mason. Convenes first Monday in every month.—Mrs. I. S. Mason, S. S. O. C., and ex-officio Secretary-Treasurer. R. A. Owen, Chairman, Hartford, R. F. D. No. 6. W. R. Carson, Vice Chairman, Hartford, R. F. D. No. 3. Nat Lindley, Centertown, R. F. D. 1. Otis Stevens, Beaver Dam. Claud Reafrow, Dundee.

Examinations.

For Common School Diplomas—Fourth Friday and Saturday in January, and Second Friday and Saturday in May. To be held in Fordsville, Beaver Dam and Hartford.

For Teachers' Certificates—Third Friday and Saturday in May, June and September. Except notice is given to the contrary the latter examinations will be held in Hartford.

OTHER OFFICERS

Tax Commissioner—R. F. Keown, Fordsville. Surveyor—C. S. Moxley, Fordsville. Representative—Ira Jones, White Run.

HARTFORD

Police Judge—J. D. Holbrook. Mayor—W. C. Blankenship. Council—L. H. Bishop, Secy.

ROCKPORT

Robert L. Green, Judge. Lee W. Pherson, Marshall. Edd Cooper, Chairman. W. H. Blackburn, Clerk. Stillie Mason, Treasurer.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE. It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Mother's USE Frey's Vermifuge

For the Children

A Safe Old Fashioned

Remedy for Worms

Seventy-five years continuous use in the best testimonials FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you.

Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones healthy and happy.

50c. bottle of your druggist's or general store; or if your dealer can't supply you, send him name and 30c. in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly.

E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY

A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION

FOR ONE MONTH

A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.

OHIO MEDICAL CO. LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS O.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your troubles. Safer, too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its action, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigby. For sale by

E. M. WILLIAMS, Hartford, Conn.



Republican Administration Promotes World Peace Plans

Maintains Vigorous American Policy. Avoids Foreign Entanglements and Achieves Great Practical Results for World Peace.

U. S. REPRESENTATIVE HORACE M. TOWNER (IOWA), CHAIRMAN HOUSE COMMITTEE ON INSULAR AFFAIRS

The people of the United States earnestly desire peace. The last administration, with an insistence that would not consider any method of securing the peaceful settlement of international disputes except the League of Nations, went out of power largely because of that fact. The people saw in that scheme an assurance of further wars rather than a reasonable plan for the discouragement and prevention of wars.

The present administration with rare wisdom undertook to secure concrete and definite international agreements which would result in diminishing the probability of future wars by limiting the armament of those nations whose competitive strife could only result in future wars. Accordingly, the President called a Conference to meet at Washington to consider the limitation of armament and to make such settlements and agreements especially with regard to the Pacific and adjoining territory as would determine existing disputes and remove causes of future discord.

Judged by practical results the Washington Conference was the greatest actual achievement in the cause of peace ever accomplished. It secured a treaty agreement by the five great maritime powers for a definite limitation of naval armament. It secured a definite agreement regarding the use of submarines and aerial warfare. It secured by the four-part treaty an agreement fixing the status, defining the rights, and limiting the building and enlarging of fortifications and naval bases on the Pacific. It secured a confirmation by nine of the great nations immediately concerned of the "Open Door" policy, and agreements that will prevent the future exploitation of China. It secured the withdrawal of Japan from Shantung and Siberia, and an agreement with Japan defining and confirming American rights in the island of Yap.

Through these agreements, which are being actually carried into effect by the contracting nations, we have greatly reduced the war burdens of

the nations parties to the Conference, we have made war more difficult and less justifiable for all nations, and have given a new assurance to those who desire and hope for the future peace of the world.

The present administration has given not only actual and practical expression of its desire for peace, it has gone to the extreme limit in the reduction of its military establishment.

We are "scrapping" our Navy down to the treaty standard, by which the United States must limit its tonnage to 525,000; Great Britain 525,000; Japan 315,000; France 175,000; and Italy, 175,000.

We have reduced our annual war expenditures of over \$10,000,000,000 to about \$600,000,000 and are making further reductions every year.

The last administration refused to end the war with Germany for over two years after the Armistice was signed, except upon acceptance of the Versailles treaty with the League Covenant. The present administration made peace with Germany without delay and without surrender of any right the United States had acquired by its participation in the war.

The United States will not be an isolated nation under Republican administrations. But it will be the continued policy of the Republican party to keep the United States to its traditional policy so as to prevent entanglement in the mazes of conflicting interests, territorial quarrels, religious hatreds, and race jealousies which have afflicted Europe for more than a thousand years. The peace-loving people of America will do well to maintain that policy, and to support that party which not only desires peace but takes practical measures to obtain it; which is not afraid to propose and effect reductions of our own Army, Navy and armament in order to induce other nations to do likewise; and which will not be swayed from its policy and purpose by any chimerical scheme, or by any ambitious or sordid lust for power.

Indigestion and Dyspepsia Overcome

Victims of stomach troubles, indigestion, dyspepsia and their allied complaints find Tanlac an ever-ready source of relief and comfort. Thousands of people have re-found the joys of health by its use after everything else they tried had failed. Mrs. A. Landes, 926 Lane St., Akron, Ohio, says:

"Even after a light meal, gas formed and bloated me so I could hardly get my breath and I had awful pains in my stomach. Mornings I got up feeling all tired out. But Tanlac has changed things right around for me, and I feel just as well as I ever did in my life."

Tanlac helps the stomach digest the food properly and eliminate waste. Soon the whole system is built up, the blood is purified and the entire body takes on new tone, vitality and energy. Get a bottle today and start on the road to health. For sale by all good druggists.

BOOTLEGGERS USE AIRSHIPS

Prohibition authorities assert that an organized ring of rum runners are carrying liquor into the United States from Canada by means of a fleet of airplanes. They are alleged to be making regular trips from Canada to Long Island where they land early in the morning or just after dark. The adoption of aircraft to trail international bootleggers is being seriously considered by the national prohibition department.

WORLD MENACED BY TYPHUS

The rapid spread of typhus in Poland constitutes a menace to the whole world, declared Health Commissioner Royal Copeland of New York on his return from Europe where he has been studying health conditions. "If it should creep into New York city it might kill a million people in a month's time," he said. He announced his intention of raising money to aid the typhus patients in Poland.

"Have you ever played the game of love?"

"Just once, but I needed a shave and was disqualified for unnecessary roughness."

RECOVERS FOR TOY WAGON

Samuel Stern, of Philadelphia, recklessly ran over and demolished nine-year-old Richard Keating's toy wagon. Little Keating took the driver's number down on a piece of board and had him arrested. The boy took charge of his own case before the magistrate with the result that Stern had to pay for the wagon.

POLICE GUARD WEDDING

A rejected rival suitor threatened to kill Civita Chaucapipi and Frank Trappini, of Rochester, N. Y., as they entered the church to be married. As a safeguard a cordon of police met them at the church and escorted them to the altar, keeping step with the wedding march. A squad of patrolmen later took them for a honeymoon ride thru the Italian section.

MORE BUSINESS MEN

Hopkinsville, Ky., Sept. 13.—The publishing of hearty endorsements of the plan of the Dark Tobacco Growers Co-Operative Association is now becoming an almost daily occurrence and is popular all over the Black Patch. The business men do not go at it in any half-hearted way, either, but having made up their minds, they speak out positively and advise the farmers to join.

Among the intent to take this step are the business men of Providence, in Webster county and Caneyville, in Grayson county.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH DOING GOOD WORK

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 11.—Out of 387 inmates of the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane at Lexington who have been examined by Dr. J. A. Stucky recently, at the request of the Council of the Kentucky State Medical Association and of the State Board of Health, 110 were found to be suffering with some disease of the eyes, according to Dr. Stucky's report, which was made public here today.

Figures in regard to diseases of the nose and of the mouth and pharynx were found to be even more discouraging. Four hundred and fifty-one cases of disease of the nose were found, a number made possible, of course, when 387 persons were examined, only by the fact that many were found suffering with more than one disease.

Similarly with diseases of the

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INCORPORATED

HARTFORD,

KENTUCKY

FRENCH REBUILDING FORGES AHEAD FAST

War Stricken Regions Quickly Put Back Into Habitual Condition.

Paris, Sept. 16.—The work of reconstructing France's devastated regions is going ahead actively. Already in many parts of the former battle-front large areas of land have been given back to farmers for cultivation. Products from these regions have reached Paris for sale at the Central Market.

Before being allowed to cultivate the soil, however, farmers have had to wait until military authorities have carefully examined the ground and assured themselves that it no longer presents any danger from buried shells or grenades.

The district around Arras, known as the "red zone," it was found was one of buried shells and munitions. Work on this region began a few days after the armistice and today it is not yet finished. Great have been the dangers of clearing the land. Sixty-eight men have been killed in this region alone by accidentally dropping shells or hitting munitions of all kinds while working. The total quantity of ammunition removed from the "Red Zone" is close upon 90,000 tons. Whole ammunition dumps, both German and Allied, have had to be removed elsewhere to be exploded. The remains of villages and towns have had to be gathered up and sifted, roads have had to be completely dug before being repaired. Tree stumps have been removed by the thousand. Two hundred thousand shells alone have been discovered.

The work is drawing to a close now, and it is hoped to begin reconstruction work proper on many of the villages this year.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL

The death of Alexander Graham Bell brings reflections upon his service in the progress of humanity. Surely he should be ranked one of the greatest contributors to the spread of knowledge.

Today we are apt to accept the telephone as just something quite common and not at all thought about. Indeed, there will be many ready to classify it as a public nuisance at least, on occasion, as Bell himself did.

Yet it is quite obvious that without the telephone we could not now run our every-day affairs under the methods which have grown up since Bell patented his device, in 1876, af-

ter discovering its principle while straightening a tangle of wire and magnets in his little workshop.

The wireless has come, and the radio, and the phonograph, and telegraphy by wire has been perfected so that many messages can be sent by operators over a single strand simultaneously. But none of these achievements, so far at least, is to be compared with the telephone in its adaptability for the dissemination of information, particularly within a community.

Certainly a part of Bell's monument should be the eternal gratitude of housewives on farms, to cite one class benefited by his work. He put them in touch with the world outside, made it possible for them to know what goes on each day, instead of each week or month. He did much to make their isolation bearable.—Finance and Industry.

Judge—If I grant you this divorce will you marry again right away?

Applicant (blushing)—Oh, Judge, this is so sudden!

"You ought to be able to swim like a duck, doctor," said the boy to the physician, as they entered the bathing surf.

"Why so, sonny?"

"Everybody says you're a quack."

—Fun Book.

She—Sometimes you appear really manly and sometimes you are quite effeminate. How do you account for it?

He—It's hereditary, I suppose. One-half of my ancestors were males and the other half females.

Breathless Hunter—Say, boy, did you see a fox run by here?

Boy—Yes, sir.

Hunter—How long ago?

Boy—It'll be a year next Xmas.

Kind Old Lady—You shouldn't hit that boy when he is down.

Unkind Urchin—S-n-y! Whaddya think I put him down fer?

Professor—Will you define space for us?

Student—Well, er—er, Professor, I have it in my head, but can't exactly define it.

First Student—Wasn't that a fine lecture by Professor Cullom on "The Culture of Prunes?"

Second Student—It certainly was. He was so full of his subject.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

mouth and pharynx, there were 569 cases found, though the number of persons examined remained 387. This number is just half of those confined in the institution, and Stucky at the present time is examining the other half of the hospital's inmates.

With conditions this deplorable, the Kentucky Medical Society and the State Board of Health immediately will begin agitation to have these sufferers given the attention they need, according to Dr. A. T. McCormack, State Health Officer.

The State Board of Charities and Corrections has declared its interest in the survey and has expressed its intention to take all the remedial steps that it possibly can take with its limited appropriations.

LYON COUNTY ACTIVE

Eddyville, Ky., Sept. 15.—With Clifton Rhodes, of Harrodsburg spending several days here, the campaign for the Dark Tobacco Growers Association has been speeded up in reality. In every school district visited the sign-up has been large. One of these districts, Spring Creek, signed up 99 per cent, and other districts have done as well. Lyon county promises to go over with a considerable margin to spare.

WETS WIN IN SHIP POLL, LOSE LATER ON SHORE

New York, Sept. 16.—Passengers on the Swedish-American liner, Stockholm, in from Stockholm, cheered when Purser K. F. Eklund announced that Sweden had just renounced prohibition.

Of the 1,028 passengers aboard more than 700 were Americans. A vote was taken on the question of prohibition in America and the wets won 733 to 296. But the wets lost when they stepped ashore.

Bob's wife was ill, and, of course, he was looking worried; also, there was an angry gleam in his eye.

"What's the matter, Bill?"

"Matter? Everything's the matter! My wife—you know my wife, a big woman, a great woman—but she can't do the washing while she's ill. I sent her nightdress to the laundry. They sent it back with a note, 'We don't wash tents.'"

FAMOUS KING'S FLUTE IS OFFERED FOR SALE

Berlin, Sept. 16.—It may be considered a sign of the times that a flute which is believed to have been played upon by Frederick the Great is now for sale in Berlin for what is

at present the counter value of \$15. The flute, which rests inconspicuously in the window of a small antique shop near Unter den Linden, Berlin's Fifth Avenue, is a beautiful specimen and entirely of ivory.

An accompanying document, dated October 18, 1794, testifies that the flute is one of the seven or eight used by the most talented of the Hohenbollerns. Until recently it was the family property of a well known count in the possession of whose family it had been for more than a hundred years.

One of the count's forefathers bought it from a Prussian officer, who had received it from one of Frederick's lackeys after the king's death. The historic object may now change hands at the price of a pair of good boots in New York.

"Sam, dat mule you' sol' me am blind."

"What makes you say dat?"

"I let him loose, an' he jus' rnn into a tree."

"Dat mule ain't blind. He jus' don't give a damn, dat's all."

HE WAS SURPRISED!

JUST \$500 WORTH

New York, Sept. 16.—Whom Saul Liberman, who lives upstairs and

runs a stationery store downstairs at 976 Prospect avenue, Bronx, went to open his store recently he found a note pinned on the front door, reading:

"You'll be surprised."

And he was. On opening the door he found that burglars had looted the place of \$500 worth of his stock.

PISA'S LEANING TOWER MAY CRASH TO EARTH

Pisa, Sept. 16.—After all these centuries will the leaning tower of Pisa finally fall to the ground?

A local geological expert says it is within the realm of possibility if an earthquake shifts the angle at which it leans.

Several earthquakes have been reported this summer in this section of Northern Italy, and the trembling of the earth's surface was felt at Pisa.

"Look pleasant, please," said the photographer to his (more or less) fair sitter. Click! "It's all over, ma'am. You may resume your natural expression."

Teacher—If Shakespeare were alive today, wouldn't he be looked upon as a remarkable man?

Student—I'll say so. He would be 300 years old. The Continent.

"Slimy Taste"

"When I feel stupid, get constipated, or bilious, I take a good dose or two of Black-Draught and it sets me straight," writes Mr. George B. Haislep, of R. F. D. 2, Columbia, S. C. "It cleanses the liver and I feel all right, and have not used any other medicine as I do not see the need of it. I am a guard at the State Reformatory, and have been for three or more years. When I first heard of

BLACK-DRAUGHT Liver Medicine

and the good medicine it was, I had been having a tired feeling when I'd get up in the morning. I would be stiff and sore, and had a slimy, bad taste in my mouth, but didn't think so much of it till I began to feel stupid and didn't feel like eating—then I knew I needed medicine. It was then I began Black-Draught, and I felt all made over, ready for any kind of work, ready to eat and sleep. So, for any return of this trouble, I take Black-Draught, and for 25 years it has been my medicine, and I wouldn't be without it at all. My work is constant. I am on my feet a lot. I am out of doors, and fresh air and Black-Draught are all the medicines I need. I recommend it to others for I know it is good."

Sold Everywhere.

Department of Justice Makes Best Record in Its History

Has Performed Prodigious Amount of Work, Successfully Defended Government and Instituted Proceedings Against War Frauds.

U. S. REPRESENTATIVE JOSEPH WALSH (MASS.), MEMBER HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

The activities and accomplishments of the Department of Justice during the past 15 months comprise the most successful record that department has made since its establishment. The largest amount of business in the history of that department has been transacted for the current year on less money than was appropriated for the preceding year.

A veritable avalanche of business was clogging the dockets in nearly every United States District Court and new cases being entered in unprecedented numbers when Attorney General Daugherty took charge of the Department of Justice March 4, 1921. He found the department disorganized. It was necessary to make a survey not only of his own force but of the various cases pending in the several United States Courts throughout the country. This gigantic task was accomplished with thoroughness and dispatch.

Early in his incumbency Attorney General Daugherty began an investigation of the so-called War Fraud cases. After he had thoroughly surveyed the situation and he and his staff were ready to proceed he asked for an appropriation of half a million dollars to enable him to employ additional and competent special attorneys to conduct the actual work of grand jury investigation and prosecution. The men whom he selected for this task are skilled lawyers: Former Senator Charles S. Thomas, of Colorado, a Democrat who was conspicuous in the Senate investigation of the aircraft scandal; former Congressman C. F. Reavis, of Nebraska, who was a member of the House Committee which investigated the expenditures of the War Department; former Congressman R. D. MacCullough, of Ohio, also a member of that Committee, and Mr. Meier Steinbrink, of New York, who assisted Charles E. Hughes in the famous aircraft inquiry of 1918, and who was also employed as Special Counsel for the House Committee on investigating war expenditures. It is

safe to say no staff could have been selected who were better qualified by their legal attainments and by their particular experience and knowledge of the war graft situation.

Never in the history of the Department of Justice have the anti-trust laws been so vigorously prosecuted as during the last 15 months. For the first time jail sentences were imposed as a punishment for violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act in the case of United States vs. Alexander Reed, et al. The department at this time has under investigation more than 50 cases of alleged violations of the Anti-Trust Act and has pending in the courts 26 such cases. Since March 4, 1921, the Attorney General's office has won 109 cases in the United States Supreme Court and lost 41. In that time it has tried 166 suits in the various United States Courts and won 110. The department has been very successful in defending the government in the United States Court of Claims where litigation has greatly increased as a result of war contracts and tax cases. Twenty suits were decided in this court on June 12, in which the Attorney General's department appeared for the government. In these 20 cases the government sued for the aggregate of \$16,619,693. The total of the amounts allowed was only \$538,365.

This, in brief, is an outline of some of the more important activities of the Department of Justice since March 4, 1921. An enormous amount of work has been performed and every branch of the judicial service is characterized by energy, intelligence and dispatch. The record of the department under the present administration not only reflects great credit upon Attorney General Daugherty and President Harding, but it inspires confidence and respect of our people everywhere. In the courts and in those in whom the responsibility and power of administering the law is invested, it will remind our people that this is a government of laws and not of men.

PRESIDENT VETOES SOLDIER BONUS BILL

(Continued from 1st page.)

The rich republic to add four billions to its indebtedness. This impression comes from the readiness of the public response of the Government's appeal for funds amid the stress of war. It is to be remembered that in the war everybody was ready to give his all. Let us now recall the comparatively few exceptions. Citizens of every degree of competence loaned and sacrificed, precisely in the same spirit that our armed forces went out for service. The war spirit impelled. To a war necessity there was but one answer, but a peace bestowal on the ex-servicemen, as though the supreme offering could be paid for with cash is a perversion of public funds, a reversal of the policy which exalted public service in the past and suggests that future defense is to be inspired by compensation rather than consciousness of duty to flag and country.

Reducing Burden Is Problem Now. "The pressing problem of the Government is that of diminishing our burdens rather than adding thereto. It is the problem of the world. War inflation and war expenditures have unbalanced budgets and added to indebtedness until the whole world is staggering under the load. We have been driving in every direction to curtail our expenditures and establish economies without impairing the essentials of governmental activities. It has been a difficult and unpopular task. It is vastly more applauded to expend than to deny. After nearly a year and a quarter of insistence and persuasion, with a concerted drive to reduce Government expenditure in every quarter possible, it would wipe out everything thus far accomplished to add now this proposed burden, and it would rend the commitment of economy and saving so essential to our future welfare.

The financial problems of the Government are too little heeded until we are face to face with a great emergency. The diminishing income of the Government, due to the receding tides of business and attending incomes, has been overlooked momentarily, but cannot be long ignored. The latest budget figures for the current fiscal year show an estimated deficit of more than \$650,000,000 and a further deficit for the year succeeding, even after counting upon all interest collections on foreign indebtedness which the Government is likely to receive. To add to our pledges to pay except as necessity compels, must seem no less than Government folly. Inevitably it means increased taxation, which Congress was unwilling to levy for the purpose of this bill, and will turn us from the course toward economy so essential to promote the activities which contribute to common welfare.

Pensions To Be Paid Later. "It is to be remembered that the United States played no self-seeking part in the World War and pursued a unselfish policy after the cause was won. We demanded no reparation for the cost involved no payments out of which obligations to our soldiers could be met. I have not magnified the willing outlay in behalf of those to whom we have a sacred obligation. It is essential to remember that a more than four billion dollar pledge to the able-bodied ex-servicemen now will not diminish the later obligations which will have to be met when the younger veterans of today shall contribute to the rolls of the aged, indigent and dependent.

"It is as inevitable as that the years will pass, that pension provision for World War veterans will be made as it has been made for those who served in previous wars. It will cost more billions than I venture to suggest. There will be justification when the need is apparent and a rational financial policy today is necessary to make the nation ready for the expenditure, which is certain to be required in the coming years. The contemplation of such a policy is in accord with the established practice of the nation, and puts the service men of the World War on the same plane as the millions of men who fought the previous battles of the Republic."

No Provision For Funds. "I confess a regret that I must sound a note of disappointment to the many ex-servicemen who have the impression that it is as simple a matter for the Government to bestow billions in peace as it was to expend billions in war. I regret to stand between them and the pitifully small compensation proposed. I dislike to be out of accord with the majority of Congress, which has voted the bestowal. The simple truth is that this bill proposes a Government obligation of more than four billions without a provision of funds for the extraordinary expenditure, which the executive branch of the Government must finance in the face of difficult

financial problems, and the complete defeat of our commitment to effect economies. I would rather appeal, therefore, to the candid reflections of Congress and the country and to the ex-servicemen in particular as to the course better suited to further the welfare of our country. These ex-soldiers who served so gallantly in war, and who are to be so conspicuous in the progress of the Republic in the half century before us, must know that nations can only survive where taxation is restrained from the limits of oppression, where the public treasury is locked against class legislation, but ever open to public necessity and prepared to meet all essential obligations. Such a policy makes a better country for which to fight, or to have fought, and affords a surer abiding place in which to live and attain.

WARREN G. HARDING.

BASEBALL BRIEFS AND FOUL STRIKES

Island defeated Hartford at Riverside Park Thursday of last week by the score of 4-3. Settle did the winning for Island, while Stevens performed for the locals. It was a pretty game from start to finish.

The local boys, easily defeated the Louisville team, the exact name of which, or with whom they were connected we could never learn. Friday, by the mark of 9 to 2. Hartford had a pitcher from Princeton, who was complete master of the situation at all stages of the game.

The Louisville aggregation triumphed in Saturday's contest, 8 to 9. J. Owens did the twirling for the locals and he virtually walked the game into the Falls City outfit's locker. The Princeton Frenchman relieved Owens in the 5th inning and aside from a clean-cut four-ply smash accidentally hit by a Louisville batsman into the River they did not approach dangerous territory. But the game was then tucked away.

The most exciting and thrilling game of the late series was uncocked Sunday afternoon. Hartford had been strengthened by good material from other localities, but Sunday they failed to show up, so Forest, Casebler, Ronald Estes of the kid team, and Jack Baird, were drafted for outfield service. Settle and the two Bates boys of Island, were present and put into the line-up. Settle in the box and Fifty behind the bat. To say that the comparatively small number of fans present, who have given up four-bits to see a halgame were disappointed, chagrined and premeditated would be but telling the truth. The Louisville bunch were staked to two scores on errors by the first, second and third base guardians. But they were held to those marks until the 9th inning. In the seventh, little Estes got a roller through the pitcher and beat it to first. He pliffed second and G. Crowe sent him to third with a single. Crowe taking second on the first pitched ball to Fifty Bates, who landed for a three bagger, but was out at home trying to beat in a passed ball over third. One more tally was made before the side was retired. In the 9th Louisville made two scores taking the lead by one. But alas for them, the little fellows and the mixed bunch came right back and garnered two more and the old halgame. And everybody but Louisville went home perfectly satisfied.

Beaver Dam and Rockport played their game off at Beaver Dam Sunday, resulting according to Beaver Dam and their umpire in a score of 5 to 4 in their favor and according to Rockport and ump Everley, in another tie score of 4 all. Rockport claims that a fan threw the ball into the outfield over third. The other side claim it differently. As to who is right we would not attempt to state.

We received a long communication from the manager of the Rockport team for publication this week, but it is entirely too long for publication, besides we do not wish to invite and court arguments upon the merits of this team, that or the other, hence we must decline publication of the article. We regret to be forced to do this, but must. Rockport is to play a game with Morgantown on Sunday the 24th. The letter did not state where the contest was to be staged. In the communication they also issue a challenge to play any team in Ohio or surrounding Counties, the winner to take the entire gate receipts, or a challenge to a picked team from Ohio County, the game to be played under the above conditions, on neutral territory.

The local High School and the McHenry High School will stage a contest on the Hartford diamond Saturday afternoon.

"How do these grouches got wives?" "Many of them were not grouches until they did."—Louisville Courier Journal.



The approach of fall calls to mind the necessity of Clothes-Buying.

To all who would wear something New and Smart at this auspicious Season, we offer our entire resources of Models and Fabrics with the assurance that you'll find in them the highest dress ideals.

You'll look good in a Taylor Made Suit, and you'll feel good when you see their values.

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

Complete Line School Supplies

—AT—

JAS. A. TATE'S RESTAURANT

Pencils, Pens, Tablets, Rulers, Erasers, Ink, Crayons, and in fact most anything in the school line.

Headquarters for choicest Creams, Sodas, Cold Drinks, Fruits, Candies, Cakes and all other dainties carried in a first-class confectionery.

Finest line of Tobaccos in town. Camel Cigarettes, now 15c.

Quick Lunches and Regular Meals. Prompt and efficient service.

Located at corner Union and Main, in Old Hartford House.

Notice to Taxpayers

We, or one of our deputies will be at the following named places on the dates set out, for the purpose of assessing your property and collecting your taxes. Please meet us where most convenient:

Friday, Sept. 22	Centertown
Saturday, Sept. 23	Rockport
Monday, Oct. 2	Bells Run
Tuesday, Oct. 3	Ralph
Wednesday, Oct. 4	Magan
Thursday, Oct. 5	Deanfield
Friday, Oct. 6	Herbert
Saturday, Oct. 7	Fordsville
Monday, Oct. 9	Narrows
Tuesday, Oct. 10	Dundee
Wednesday, Oct. 11	Rosine
Thursday, Oct. 12	Horse Branch
Friday, Oct. 13	Heflin
Saturday, Oct. 14	Beaver Dam
Tuesday, Oct. 17	Shreve
Wednesday, Oct. 18	Bluford
Thursday, Oct. 19	Buford
Friday, Oct. 20	Smallhouse
Saturday, Oct. 21	Simmons

G. A. RALPH, Sheriff,
ROY F. KEOWN, Tax Com'r.

WASHINGTON COMMENT

History is full of tales of desperate chances which succeeded because some man was not afraid to lead. In America to-day exists a chance, far from desperate, and but waiting a great leader who will point the way to who will follow?

The press is full of "remedies" for the industrial unrest which results in strikes and lockouts. Editorial after editorial explains that all that is needed is a fuller understanding between capital and labor; a mutual forbearance, a playing each into the other's hand, a cooperation between them for their mutual advantage.

All, it is explained, which is needed is for some great corporation to lead the way and treat labor as something to be considered, consulted, profited, and helped, or some great body of labor to lead the way and, instead of seeing how much they may exact from an employer for the least work, to try the other scheme and see how much they can do in a given time to profit the employer and let the wages depend not on organization and threats, but upon the work done and the spirit of co-operation.

That's all! But as yet the leader does not appear. No great corporation as yet fails to get the best of the bargain if it can when making terms with labor. No labor organization as yet has considered the employing interest before it's own. And if you ask why, the answer is plain; because men are selfish, because men distrust each other, because experience has proved to each that neither is wholly to be trusted.

Then the answer, the real answer, is an inculcation of a spirit of unselfishness, and a spirit of trust. In other words, all those who stand in church and admit the Fatherhood of God, must stand in factory, at bench, beside desk, in a bank, on farm, railroad, and in mines, and practice the Brotherhood of Man. Then, and not until then, will the leader arise who will make capital and labor truly fraternal instead of opponents.

We all see. But we do not all see clearly. When we see an evil, we often say "let us pass a law against it" in the child-like belief that what is forbidden is eradicated.

A prohibitory law may, or may not, be necessary. But unless, behind that law, is the will of us that that thing not be done, the law does more harm than good. People can not be made over by law. They can not be made over by one, and only one thing, education. If we find a baseball game before 11 o'clock on Tuesday an objectionable moral lapse, we may, if we can command enough

votes, get a law passed against playing ball until mid-day on Tuesdays. But unless the community feels that what we think is an evil is really evil, the boys and the ball players will play when they get ready, and the community will go to see them do it, law or no law.

There are many people in this country who know the evils of child labor, and many states have laws regulating it. But the law is often broken, and there are many places where there is no law about it. The way to eliminate the evil of child labor is to educate the whole country in regard to it; the law will follow automatically, and the evil be as much ended as piracy, or burning at the stake, or the ducking stool.

There are many people in this country who know that our transportation problem is not solved, while strikes and lockouts continue to interrupt it. The way to make it adequate is not to pass law after law for bidding this and compelling that, but to educate the will of us so that we will know that the whole people's right is superior to any right of any group.

Education—not only the wisdom in books, but in the ability to think, is what we all need. Good schools, good teachers, Federal aid, as in the Townsend-Sterling bill, now before Congress, to create a Department of Education; these are the hope of all of us who as yet do not see with as clear a vision as do those who lead our thought and crystallize our ideals.

And if we can not get out of the national habit of passing a law about it, let pass our laws for more and better education.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

All persons having claims against the late John W. Muffett, will present same to me, properly proven, on or before November 1, 1922, or they will be forever barred, and all parties knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate will please settle before said date.

Witness my hand, this Aug. 31, 1922.

W. G. MUFFETT, Admr.,
John W. Muffett, Dec'd.

Phyto Sallci for Health Insurance.

EXAMINATION FOR BRD CLASS POSTMASTERS

At the request of the Postmaster General the United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination to fill the position of postmaster at both Beaver Dam and Morgantown. The examinations are to be held at Central City and Bowling Green on October 14, 1922. Applicants may take the examination at either place.